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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 187 BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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U.S. Bid To Halt Red Aggression

"POSITIVE POLICY" FOR ASIA SOON

Formosa May Be The Strategic Springboard

WASHINGTON Aug. 7. (U.P.A.).

HIGH United States offcials today said they were working on a plan to carry out Secretary of State Dean Acheson's policy of blocking Communism in the Far East within the borders of China.

The sources said now that the United States has written off Nationalist China as not worth helping, it has become a matter of practical necessity to decide just how to defend Acheson's line against Red aggression in Asia.

One major question involved in the discussions now going on between Defence Official and the State Department concerns Formosa.

Military officials advised their policy chiefs that they believe that Formosa is an integral part of the defence system against Communism which they see as extending from Japan to the Philippines and westward to India. However, according to the policy officials, no decision has yet been reached on just how to integrate Formosa into this strategic plan. The officials said they thought it would be "about one month" before any definite decision is taken on this. They said it is a matter of constant study by officials here.

RETURN IT TO JAPAN!

These quarters said that careful consideration had been given to the suggestion that the United States should call for the return of Formosa to Japan, contending it could not legally be transferred to China until the peace treaty is signed. However, this suggestion is said to have been discarded as impracticable.

State Department officials are understood to have felt that the United States would be in an untenable position in seeking that Formosa be returned to Japan pending the Japanese Peace Treaty while the Kuriles and Southern Sakhalin, which Russia has taken back from Japan, remained in Soviet hands. For this reason, the United States appears to have abandoned any mechanism of this sort.

It is considered more probable that the United States at the September session of the United Nations General Assembly might broach the idea of placing Formosa under trusteeship. Although the United States would not directly propose itself as a Trustee that would be the logical conclusion of any such arrangement. Previous United Nations decisions, then, would provide a precedent for making it a strategic trusteeship which permits the administering power to fortify the area in question.

This matter among others will be taken up with Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart when he arrives here from China next week.

POSITIVE POLICY

State Department officials expect that the U.S. may be in a position to announce some "positive" policy with respect to general Asian affairs within a short time after Stuart and other experts confer. They contend their present situation is one of awaiting the military assessment of the picture which has not yet been forthcoming from the Defence Department.

The State Department position is that once in possession of this, they will make positive plans which will project the American policy into the Far East as positively, although not as expensively as it has been projected into Europe.

LEFT CONSOLIDATION COMMITTEE

Bombay's Response To Sarat Bose's Call

BOMBAY, Sunday (PTI): In response to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's call for left unity, a provisional "Left Consolidation Committee" was set up in Bombay today at a meeting of the representatives of the Forward Bloc, the Workers and Peasants Party of Maharashtra, and the Mazdoor Trotskyites Party. Mr. R. S. Rutkar, General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, presided.

The provisonal Left Consolidation Committee includes Mr. G. H. Kale, Secretary of the G.I.P. Railway Labour Union, Mr. Suresh Vaidya, (Independent Leftist), Mr. Murlidhar Parija (Mazdoor Trotskyites Party), and three representatives each of the Provincial Forward Bloc and the Workers and Peasants Party.

Samper Back After Talks

REPORT TO U.N.C.I.P.

SRINAGAR, August 7, (PTI): Mr. Fernando Samper, Columbian member of the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan, returned to Srinagar from Karachi by special plane this afternoon.

During his one week's absence from Srinagar he visited New Delhi and Karachi and had discussions with the Government of India and Pakistan on the political aspects of the Truce Agreement on the Kashmir issue.

A full meeting of the Commission is expected to be held tomorrow morning when Mr. Samper will make detailed report on his talks with both the Governments. On the basis of his report the Commission will decide on its next step in respect of the Truce Agreement.

The Commission's final decisions on its next move is likely to be known in another three days.

Mr. Samper was accompanied by Ambassador Eric Colban, Personal Representative of the United Nations Secretary-General.

Saurashtra Gets Good Rain

RAJKOT, August 7, (PTI): Saurashtra had a good rainfall this season and the fodder and drinking water supply position is now satisfactory. Some parts of Saurashtra have recorded 40 inches of rain.

Burma Seeking British Aid

FOREIGN MINISTER MEETS ATTLEE

LONDON, Aug. 7 (PTI-Reuter)—the Burmese Foreign Minister, U Maung, whose visit to Britain so soon after that of the Burmese Supreme Commander, has aroused some speculation launched today with the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, at his country home at Chequers, Buckinghamshire. U Maung, is staying at a West End hotel as a guest of the British Government. He has a busy programme of meetings with members of the Cabinet, officials and unofficial contacts likely to be useful to him in the six-day mission to London which he is making quite alone.

Questions of Commonwealth aid to Burma are understood to be among the more important matters U Maung is touching upon in his talks with the British Government.

RIOTING IN SALEM CENTRAL JAIL

Red Detenus Throw Plates And Jugs

MADRAS, Aug. 7 (PTI)—Communist prisoners in the Salem Central Jail resorted to violence yesterday morning by throwing plates, jugs and earthenware at the warders resulting in injuries to about a dozen warders, says a Salem message.

The information was conveyed to the authorities immediately who, with the help of jail staff, restored order by forcing the Communist prisoners into the cells.

It is stated the trouble arose when a Communist prisoner refused to submittee himself to a search efore release according to jail rules. Four injured prisoners have been admitted into the Salem Government Hospital.

The situation is reported to be quiet now.

It was on Tuesday last that the detenus in the Central Jail at Vellore had attacked jail staff while being conducted to their cells. The Inspector General of Prisons and fifteen jail warders and one detenu were injured in that incident.

Soviet Encyclopaedia

MOSCOW, Aug. 7, (UPI): The first of 50 volumes in a new edition of the Soviet Encyclopaedia has gone to press in Moscow. The encyclopaedia is being edited by Sergei Havilov, physicist and President of the Soviet Academy of Sciences. Its publishers plan to print three million copies annually.

The Goonda Gets It!

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7, (PTI).

THE members of the public today helped the police in apprehending two persons suspected to be responsible for a cracker explosion this evening.

It is stated that following the explosion of a cracker in a bustee in North Calcutta in which three persons were injured, the members the public surrounded the area and caught hold of two persons believed to be in possession of the cracker and handed them over to the police.

The injured persons were ad mitted to hospital.

Dr. Hatta In New Delhi

TO ADDRESS C. A. MEMBERS

NEW DELHI, Aug. 7 (PTI)—Dr. Mohd. Hatta, Indonesian Prime Minister, arrived here today en route to The Hague Conference on Indonesia.

He was received at Wellington airfield by India's Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, the Netherlands Ambassador, Mr. Lamping, the Pakistan High Commissioner, Mr. Mohd. Ismail, Maj. Yunus Khan, Deputy Military Secretary to the Governor-General and local Indonesian residents.

Dr. Hatta will stay here till August 9 as the guest of Pandit Nehru.

Dr. Hatta will address members of the Constituent Assembly at the Constitution House tomorrow.

Dr. Hatta told the Press Trust of India at Calcutta that the people of Indonesia would not accept any kind of division of their country as a condition precedent to political settlement as had been done in the case of India and Pakistan. There was a recent representative conference where it was strongly emphasised that unity of the country must be maintained. The Round Table Conference, had a good chance of success to bring about a political settlement. "In any event this must be the final conference between the Dutch and the people of Indonesia.", he said.

Dr. Hatta said that during his stay in Delhi he would discuss with Pandit Nehru the best possible way of fostering the economic prosperity of Indonesia with assistance of India.

INDONESIAN "COLD" WAR MAY END SOON

Optimism About Hague Talks

BATAVIA, August 7, (PTI-Reuter): The "hot" war looks as if it is over in Indonesia, Asia's most important pre-war producer of strategic raw materials, writes Noel Buckley, Reuter's correspondent in Batavia.

The "cold" war may end soon at The Hague, where Dutch and Indonesians hope to write the last chapter to the four-year conflict at a round-table conference. They are meeting to try to set the seal on recent successful talks on overall detailed agreement which will usher in a Sovereign United States of Indonesia, linked in union with the Netherlands by 1950. When this happens it will be a victory for national conscious Asia, and a new bulwark in east-west relations.

Events this week brightened these prospects, One was the cease-fire agreement, effective from August 11. The other, the reported "broad agreement" between the two Indonesian Nationalist factions, Republicans (favouring sovereignty in the literal sense) and Federalists (co-operating with the Dutch.)

Observers think the two factions will go to The Hague with only two main issues to settle with the Dutch (1) when and how Dutch forces are to be evacuated and (2) how the statute defining the Netherlands Indonesian Union should be written.

They are old "snags" that have bobbed up repeatedly in the four-year conflict, causing tempers to run high an the Dutch to take "police action" when "incidents happened".

With the future prospects looking brighter, hard hit businessmen and planters are looking forward to being safe again on their own plantations and getting down to buiding up again Indonesia's rich yield of raw materials.

STUDENTS ARRESTED

Six college students in Asansol were arrested by the police on August 6 following a demonstration of 300 people in front of the sub-divisional officer's bungalow in sympathy with nine refugees who are on hunger-strike from August 1, demanding payment of houses construction loan.

2800 Killed In Earthquake

CITY REDUCED TO SHAMBLES

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (PTI-Reuter) --New York Radio today said more than 2,800 people had been killed in the earthquake which rocked all Ecuador on Friday.

The radio said injured numbered "thousands".

Five hundred people were killed at Ambato, the worst hit city, 1,000 at Patate and 1,800 at Peteilio, the report added.

"Damage runs into millions of dollars and Ambato has been reduced to shambles with more than 40 per cent of the city destroyed", the radio said.

The Rajpramukh of the United Kerala State has promulgated an ordinance providing for the throwing open of all the temples in Cochin to all Hindus.

NEPAL GOVERNMENT WILL COME DOWN

People's Demands Elementary, Concedes Ruler

NEW DELHI, August 7. (PTI):

MR. B. P. KOIRALA, former President of the Nepali National Congress met the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today and acquainted him with the situation in Nepal and the developments there after the calling off of the "Satyagraha movement."

Mr. Koirala, who arrived here over the weekend, also met Mr. B. V. Keskar, Deputy Minister of External Affairs, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Constituent Assembly, the Indian Ambassador at Khatmandu and the Nepalese Ambassador in India.

OPTIMISTIC

"I am sure the Government of Nepal will make a move in the course of a month. I am confident that our decision to call off the movement will be justified." Mr. Koirala told the Press Trust of India today.

The demands of the Nepali National Congress, he said, were elementary. These were the release of political prisoners, implementation of the constitution announced by the Government and grant of civil liberties.

Mr. Koirala said that the Maharaja of Nepal, when he met him last, had agreed that the demands were "very elementary." Though the Maharaja did not give any assurance and though there were no commitments on either side, Mr. Koirala said, it appeared to him that the Government of Nepal were "genuinely anxious to make a move."

Mr. Koirala said that so far 90 prisoners had been released but there were still 250 persons in jail.

SOME MISGIVINGS

The Nepali Congress leader said that twelve persons were recently arrested by the police and this had caused some misgiving. He had already written to the Maharaja about it and was expecting his reply. But he felt it might not have been due to any change in Government's policy, but rather due to the action of some police officials.

"I am optimistic and I am sure the Government will make a gesture," he said. He would be proceeding to Bhiratnagar (Nepal) shortly, and then would contact the Maharaja again.

Mr. Koirala said the Nepali National Congress wanted Nepal to be sovereign independent state, and be a member of the United Nations.

"We are against the recruitment of Gurkha soldiers for the British Army and their use in Malaya," he added.

GROW UP TO BE USEFUL CITIZENS

G-G's Advice To Students

BOMBAY, Sunday.

HIS Excellency Sri C. Rajagapalachari, the Governor-General of India, told a gathering of students and teachers at Andheri that it was his great desire to be young and attend a public school once again. "When I see young smiling faces, I feel like joining their company and be happy" he said.

The occasion was the visit of His Excellency to the N. M. Arts College and N. M. Institute of Science conducted by the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan and Hansraja Morarji Public School at Andheri.

The Governor-General explained to the youngesters why he could not speak to them as he liked and why he was made to deliver prepared speeches. In the course of a brief extempore speech, he stated that it was because men in responsible position had to think twice before uttering anything in public.

Drafts of his speeches as the Governor-General were prepared beforehand and he had to approve of those drafts. This precautionary measure was intended purely to reduce any mischief that might be created by his extempore speeches. But, on a joyous occasion like this, said His Exellency, there was no harm, if he spoke to them extempore.

MANY FACILITIES

Sri Rajagopalachari recalled his young days in the school and said that he had not the fortune to pass through a rosy period. Hostels were quite unknown at that time and he had to stay in a hotel, which used to serve him miserable food and his expenses did not exceed Rs. 7½ per month. "But, how often I wished to stop my education in the high school and go back to my aged mother to help her in her domestic toil!" he exclaimed.

Addressing the students, he said: "You boys! you are happy now. You have far more facilities in hostels attached to colleges and schools and you have people to look after your comforts while studying in schools and colleges."

After this prologue, His Excellency read out a written speech for the occasion. The Governor-General said: "My best wishes ,to you boys. You are more fortunate than most other boys in the country. You should be grateful for this good luck you enjoy. You have a better school to grow up in than millions of other boys who did nothing to deserve their bad luck."

"Make the best use of your good fortune. Build your character, heart and brains so that when you are out as grown-up men, you will be useful to the country, help to make India great and happy, leading others that stand in need of guidance. Do not contemplate misery. Always be cheerful. The best energy issues out of innocent laughter. Love your studies and respect your teachers. I have done. God bless you all."

After this advice to the youngesters, His Excellency expressed his great appreciation of the wonderful work done by the Institution and he wished every success to them.

The Governor-General was welcomed

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 7)

EVERYONE SHOULD PLANT ONE TREE

Kher's Independence Day Appeal

BOMBAY, Sunday.

"On this second anniversary of our attaining Independence, the thought uppermost in our minds should be the country's food problem and each one of us should do something tangible, indicative of our firm resolution that during the year we will be bending our energies to the solution of that problem", said Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, in an appeal addressed to the people of the Province in connection with the observance of the Independence Day as a Tree-Planting Day.

Stressing the importance of trees to agriculture Mr. Kher said, "Let each of us plant a tree-symbol of our love for the country and its people and also humanity. May I say that tree-planting is a programme which every one of us can practise, no matter where he lives and what his profession is?"

The Premier stressed the importance of taking good care of the tree planted.

"Besides tree-planting, villagers can do several things on the Independence Day, the object of which is to do something concrete to fight the food crisis the greatest danger to the continued existence of our country as an independent democratic country. In the villages large quantities of manurial material is wasted or indifferently used. Villagers should dig suitable pits and compost the material for the production of rich manure", the Premier concluded.

Shardhamata Weak

NEW DELHI, Aug. 7, (PTI): The 'Fast unto Death' undertaken by the 35-year old Shri Shardhamata of Utrakhand here entered the seventh day today. A doctor who examined her apprehended general weakness and said that her pulse rate had increased to 79 and blood pressure reduced to 105/65. She had lost five lbs. in weight.

Shri Shardhamata is fasting for getting Hindi adopted as the National Language of India and India renamed 'Bharat' under the new constitution.

Weapons To Fight Polio Battle Found

CITY LAB PREPARES 3 GERMAN-TESTED DRUGS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE polio scare in the city appears to have died down, but the attack has not yet abated. Part of the blame for the scare must be allotted to the unhappy fact that at present medical science does not know of any prophylactic or specific treatment for poliomyelities. But a pharmaceutical laboratory in the city is reported to have specially made some preparations based on researches by German doctors. This promises at least to ease the tension on the polio scene.

The preparations are (1) a therapeutic form of nucleic acid for intramuscular injections, (2) pure crystalline vitamin D, and (3) Pyramidon-Caffeine.

Poliomyelitis is a virulent, highly infectious disease caused by a filtrable virus. It may spread as an epidemic resulting in paralysis of the muscles and taking a heavy toll of lives, and consequently causing anxiety among the public. (The Bombay scare even led the authorities to appeal to ayurvedic remedies). Unhappily, polio is one of those few diseases for which no prophyt-lactic measures or any specific treatment is widely known.

Researchers have, however, found that the polio virus thrives on nucleoproteins, and once it enters the bloodstream it tries to find its nourishment by attacking the nerve centres of the body, causing paralysis and not infrequently death.

NUCLEIC ACID

In the research that has been going on for finding some sort of protection against polio, nucleic acid has come into prominence. Nucleic acid is a complex substance found in all nuclei combined with proteins in the form of nucleoproteins, which are the chief constituents present in the central nervous system.

Dr. R. N. Beiter, who has done important research work on polio, has found that chemical protection from polio can be afforded by parenteral administration of nucleic acid. Extracts from a report by him read at the first international poliomyelities conference held in New York in July 1948 show that in his experiments, yeast nucleic acid was found the most effective compound tested. Disease-stricken mice were given three injections on days preceding infection and then two doses on the first and third days following infection. The result was that death or paralysis was prevented in 90 percent of the mice.

Dr. Beiter also found that the nucleic acids administered showed some curative effects. Nine of 20 infected mice survied without paralysis when nucleic acid injections were given on the first, third, fifth and seventh days following injection of the virus.

EXPERIMENTS

The discovery of the effect of nucleic acids on the polio virus was made, Dr. Beiter reported, during experiments with a total of 393 compounds to try to find a substance which would satisfy the demand of the virus for nucleoprotein. "The marked specificity of the virus for the cells of the central nervous system, which have a high nucleoprotein content, suggested the possibility of providing other forms of nucleoprotein within the animal in the hope that the virus would utilise this supplementary source and spare the nucleoprotein of the central nervous system of the host."

Nucleic acid further has the well-known property of increasing the number of white blood corpuscles on parenteral administration of its sodium salt. This provides possible therapeutic value for increasing bodily resistance against all sorts of bacteria. In fact, nucleic acid has been widely used in the treatment of various types of infections, such as septicemia, diphtheria, tuberculosis and and pneumonia.

It was based on these investigations that the new product has been brought out. It is called Nuclozin and made from pure yeast nucleic acid for parenteral injections. Results of pharmacological experiments have shown that nucleic acid has given protection from poliomyelitis in 90 p.c. of the cases. It acts firstly by providing the virus with a supplementary source of its "food" thus avoiding an attack by the virus on the central nervous system; secondly, nucleic acid acts in the generation of white corpuscles which possess strong bacteriocidal properties and help the system to destroy the virus. The acid also acts as a roborant and tonic. No toxic or untoward effects have been reported.

Dr. Schorr of Germany recently reported about the excellent effect of calciferol (pure crystalline vitamin D) in acute cases of animal polio. Another German doctor. Deuretbacher, has also suggested the use of pyramidon. According to him, 85 p. c. cases were successfully treated with pyramidon. Yet another researcher, Dr. W. Teushe, accepts that pyramidon has undoubtedly a specific action on this virus infection.

The specifics are made by the Cipla firm of Byculla. None of these of course are to be administered except by a qualified doctor. Although no guaranteed prophylaxis or specific treatment is claimed, the products provide to the medical profession an attempt at chemical protection from polio. Nuclozin is available in the form of 2 cc ampoules for intramuscular injection; Detamid (vitamin D) in 5 mg. tablets and Cafimidon (Pyramidon-caffeine) also in tablet form.

It is to be hoped that armed with these chemical weapons the polio epidemic in Bombay will soon be conqured, and, what is more, the public will be reassured and made to look with less scare and more confidence on the disease.

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Wanted:— Experienced and Energetic Canvassers to push on sales of our high quality Teas. Remuneration attractive. Loose also packets available at competitive rates. For terms apply to The Bluehills Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam (Nilgris). (950)

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Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars, National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5915

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Potato Wafers Brand New, American make, latest model, automatic, A.C. Type, low consumption and high capacity Machine for slicing Potatoes and other Vegetables, Fruits, Meats and other Miscellaneous things for Commercial purposes together with another stainless steel, adjustable potato slicer for frying purposes. No brokers only genuine buyers, who wish to start business on modern lines Apply. Price Rs. 6,250. No offers. Capt Shenoy, Nairvadi, opposite "Gandhigram" Juhu, Bombay. 1010

(1) For Sale—Two 90/200 H. P. Diesel Oil Engines by General Motor, 6 cylinder, two stroke, fitted with a Roots type blower, complete with steel frame, fuel tank, radiator, batteries, also fitted with Marine type clutch and generator to charge the batteries for starting purposes. (2) One 47/52 H. P. Diesel Oil Engine by Blackstone, horizontal, single cylinder, 4-stroke cycle cold starting, speed 315 R. P. M. twin flywheel, shaft extension and all other accessories. Unused in original packing. (3) One 42 H.P. Ruston & Hornsby Diesel Oil Engine, horizontal, single cylinder, cold starting, No. 143973, single flywheel, 270 R.P.M. Reconditioned and rebuilt in England. For further particulars and price apply to Messrs. D. Bright & Co., Ltd., 15 Clive Row, Calcutta 1. 5368

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Cotton seed delinting machines, new or good secondhand. Sellers to please immediately write full details care Box No. 5382 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width. Lovely for curtains. Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6778A)

Cement French Available good quality BSS 161/46 with analysis report lowest prices delivery about first week September. Book your orders before goods sold with O'connor Trading Corporation, Advani Chambers, Sir P. Mehta Road, Telephone 31808. 5396

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

RE-INTRODUCTION OF 11 DOWN & 12 UP PASSENGER TRAINS

FROM 15th August, 1949, Nos. 11 Down and 12 Up Ahmedabad Passenger will be re-introduced between Baroda and Ahmedabad and will run to the following timings:-

NO. 11 DOWN

Baroda Departure 0-11 Hours.
Ahmedabad Arrival 4-40 Hours.

NO. 12 UP

Ahmedabad Departure 0-5 Hours.
Baroda Arrival 3-35 Hours.

The timings between Bombay and Baroda will be the same as at present. 5400

TENDER NOTICE.

No. E/30.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Div. II) Jamnagar House, Man Singh Road, New Delhi invites tenders for the supply of 1,00,000 (one lakh) 4 gallon K. O. Type tins required to be delivered at Ghee Centre, Agra. Requisite quantity of tinplate will be made available Ex-Ghee Centre, Agra on payment at fixed rates.

The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 1-9-49 on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office up to 20-8-49 at Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice number and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the MINISTRY OF FOOD must also state the names of their bankers. (5395)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY LIMITED

NOTICE

THE FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on THURSDAY, the 25th August, 1949 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st March, 1949 and to declare Dividends on First Preference, Second Preference, Ordinary and Deferred Shares.
2. To elect a Director in place of Sir M. Visvesvaraya, K.C.I.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
3. To elect a Director in place of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Sir Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Kt., C.I.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
5. To elect a Director in place of Mr. J. D. Choksi, who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
6. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 29th July, 1949 to FRIDAY, the 26th August, 1949 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES, LIMITED,
Managing Agents,
A. R. DALAL,
Director.

Bombay, 26th July, 1949.

NOTE:—If Dividends on Shares as recommended by the Directors are passed at the Meeting, the payments will be made to those Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 25th August, 1949. The payments will be made on and after the 22nd September, 1949. 5388

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that on MONDAY, the 8th August, 1949, the roads noted below will be closed to vehicular traffic and reserved for a public purpose between the hours of 4 p. m. and 9 p.m. on account of 'COCOANUT DAY'.

SANDHURST ROAD from its junction with Hughes Road to Chowpatty.
MARINE DRIVE (road along Kennedy Sea Face.)
CHOWPATTY from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road.
CHOWPATTY BACK ROAD from its junction with French Road to its junction with Babulnath Road.
FRENCH ROAD from its junction with Chowpatty to its junction with Hughes Road and Sandhurst Bridge.
HARVEY ROAD from its junction with Chowpatty to its junction with Hughes Road
HUGHES ROAD from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with Harvey Road.
BABULNATH 1ST. 2ND & 3RD CROSS LANES.

CHOWPATTY FOOT OVERBRIDGE will be open to pedestrian traffic towards the sea face upto 6-30 p.m. and all persons returning from the Chowpatty sea face before this time will procced via Sandhurst Bridge;

FROM 6-30 p.m. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the Chowpatty sea face. All persons wishing to go to the Chowpatty Sea face after 6-30 p.m. will proceed via Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

Parking of vehicles on Girgaum Road from its junction with Lamington Road to its junction with Nana's Chowk is prohibited between 4 p.m. and 9 p. m.

Parking of vehicles on Harvey Road from its junction with Hughes Road to its junction with Nana's Chowk is prohibited between 4 p.m. and 9 p. m.

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and vice versa will proceed along the following roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT—via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Nana Chowk, Over Frere Road Bridge, Lamington Road, New Queen's Road, Queen's Road.

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT—via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, Over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road.

FORT TO WALKESHWAR—via New Queen's Road, Sandhurst Bridge, Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk, Harvey Road, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road, Walkeshwar Road.

FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL—via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, Kennedy Bridge and Nana's Chowk.

This order is made under sub-section (4) of Section 23 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bombay IV of 1902).

M. M CHUDASMA
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office.
Bombay, 26th July, 1949.

(5389)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division. II) Jamnagar House, Man Singh Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for fabrication of following sizes of tins on Government Tin Plant installed at Ghee Centre, Bangalore. Requisite quantities of tinplate will be made available to fabricators by Government, free of cost, from Ghee Centre, Bangalore. All other raw materials required for running the tinplant and also for fabrication of tins will be arranged by the tenderers at their own cost.

Quantity and size of tins to be fabricated.	Tender No.	Price per set of Tender Forms.
2,00,000 (Two lakhs) 2 gallon size tins.	E/28/2.	Rs. 7/- (Rupees seven only).
1,00,000 (One lakh) 4 gallon K.O. Type tins.	E/31/1.	Rs. 5/- (Rupees five only).

Tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 30th August '49 on tender forms (Not transferable) obtainable from his office up to 18th August, 1949 at above quoted prices (Not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender number and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers.

(5361)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an INTERPRETER in the Legation of India in Portugal, Lisbon. This post has been sanctioned upto the 28th February, 1950, for the present but is likely to be extended. The candidates must possess thorough knowledge of Portuguese and English languages and should be able to interpret freely in both languages and translate from one to the other. Knowledge of French and other European languages will be considered as an additional qualification. Preference will be given to Indians. A candidate should be between 25 and 45 years of age. These limits can be relaxed in special cases. The post carries the following emoluments:—

(i) PAY Rs. 250-10-300-15-450-25/2/500 p.m. (initial pay upto Rs. 300/- according to qualifications and experience).

(ii) FOREIGN ALLOWANCE Rs. 450/- p.m. if married and Rs. 350/- p.m. if unmarried. (Provisional subject to revision).

(iii) INITIAL OUTFIT ALLOWANCE Rs. 1200/- if married and accompanied by family, and Rs. 600/- if otherwise, subject to proportionate refund if service is relinquished within two years.

(iv) FREE ACCOMMODATION plainly furnished and until such accommodations is provided, free lodging (exclusive of board)) in a hotel suitable to status.

(v) FREE RAIL-CUM-SEA PASSAGE from India to Lisbon of the appropriate class.

(vi) MEDICAL ATTENDANCE and treatment under the rules in force for the Embassy staff.

The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. His appointment will be terminable on a month's notice on either side. Applications stating age, nationality, experience and qualification with copies of testimonials should addressed to the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs, New Delhi. Candidates already in Government service should send their applications through proper channel. The last date for the receipt of applications is the 20th August, 1949. 5364

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for Non-Gazetted posts of Technical Instructors (Civilian) in the Corps of Indian Signals from the nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by Domicile. Citizens of the Indian States or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to Indian Dominion are also eligible provided a declaration of eligibility is made in their favour by the Government of India.

Applications stating the following particulars should reach the Director of Signals, General Staff Branch, Army Headquarters, New Delhi before 15th August 1949

1. Name and Address
2. Father's name
3. Date of birth
4. Domicile
5. Qualifiations
6. Previcus experience
7. Present appointment and salary drawn
8. Names (and addresses) of three persons holding responsible positions but NOT relations for references.

TENURE—On contract for 3 years, likely to be extended to 5 years at the discretion of the Government of India.

AGE LIMIT—NOT exceeding 45 years—relaxable by 3 years in the case of Scheduled Caste candidates.

PAY—Rs 100-8-140-10-200-E.B.-10-300 and in addition normal dearness allowance and compensatory allowance. Higher pay may be given to the candidates with outstanding qualifications.

QUALIFICATIONS—B.Sc. degree in physics or equivalent, and with teaching experience. Preference will be given to candidates with experience in telecommunication engineering.

PROBATION — The candidates will be on probation for six months and they may be required to undergo a Short Course at JUBBULPORE or MHOW.

Candidates may be called upon to appear for a written test and interview before final selection at their own expense at JUBBULPORE or MHOW. The selected candidates will be required to serve at JUBBULPORE or MHOW 5378

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

WANTED.

WANTED fully qualified and experienced ASSISTANT BUS DRIVING INSTRUCTOR. Must be a first class driver with engineering knowledge and capable of teaching and training drivers. Height not less than 5 feet 6 inches. Must be able to speak Hindustani, Marathi and English fluently. Age between 30-40. Salary Rs. 135-5-150 plus Dearness Allowance according to Textile Scale. Provident Fund and other benefits. Apply stating full qualifications in writing only to:—

J. R. TALEYARKHAN.
Traffic Manager.

(5376)

DEPARTMENT OF COTTAGE INDUSTRIES, U.P.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Nationals of Indian Dominion and States and registered displaced persons for the post of Principal, Khadi Research & Demonstration Institute, Allahabad, in the scale of pay 200-10-300. The post is temporary but likely to continue. A higher start may be given to a really deserving man. His duties will be to train Khadi instructors, to organize research work, to arrange for production of charkhas, Khadi, Dyeing and Printing. Therefore, only those fully acquainted with the technique of such work and having experience of a similar work need apply. Minimum educational qualification—High School or equivalent examination. Preference will be given to those having higher academic qualifications. The applicant should be habitual Khadi weaver.

Age between 25 to 45 on August 1, 1949.

The envelope containing the application should be superscribed on the top 'APPLICATION FOR THE POST OF PRINCIPAL, KHADI RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION INSTITUTE ALLAHABAD' and must reach the Director of Cottage Industries (Khadi Section), G. T. Road, Kanpur, by August 15, 1949. (5362)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Part-time Assistant Lecturer in German at the Karnatak College, Dharwar, on a fixed pay of Rs. 90/- per month plus dearness allowance admissible.

Qualifications: B.A. -I or M.A. -II, with German as the principal subject of a Statutory Indian or Foreign University. A person with experience of teaching the subject will be preferred.

Application form, etc., can be obtained from the Principal, Elphinstone College by sending a self-addressed envelope bearing two annas postage stamps. Applications must reach the Principal, Elphinstone College, Bombay 1, not later than 20th August, 1949. (5370)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

2 TENDERS for the erection of Mandaps and Supply of furniture, etc. for the Bye-Elections for Wards Nos. 23, 24, 29 and 30, likely to be held on the 13th and 16th September, 1949, will be received at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 19th August, 1949 not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.)

Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued by the Mechanical Engineer at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, to any one on payment of Rupees 2/- for each tender form.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By Order Of The
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER
5392

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Inspectors in the Excise Department in the grade of Rs 120-10-250 per month plus Dearness Allowance. Preference will be given to those who have worked as Inspectors either in Prohibition or Excise or allied Departments. Age limit 45.

Apply stating age, experience, qualifications to the Secretary, Revenue Department United State of Saurashtra, Rajkot before 25th August, 1949.

(Sd.) D. M. BUCH.
Secretary to Government,
United State of Saurashtra.
5394

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST PUNJAB AND PEPSU

ALLOTMENT OF LAND

ALLOTMENT ORDERS

ALLOTMENT ORDERS will be delivered at the office of the tahsil in which land is allotted.

Allotment orders may be collected by allottees themselves or by persons bearing authority in writing from them.

INFORMATION TO ALLOTTEES

Each allottee will receive a card informing him of his village of allotment, allotment order number, and the tahsil where the allotment order should be collected.

Persons holding temporary allotment of land will receive these cards ordinarily in their villages of temporary settlement through their lambardars.

Defence personnel will be informed through their units by the Rehabilitation Liaison Organisation of the Government of India, Ministry of Defence. Agents nominated by them will also be informed.

Police personnel and persons in service will be informed by post. Intimation will also be sent to agents nominated by them.

Persons now in refugee camps will receive their cards through camp authorities.

Persons residing outside East Punjab and Pepsu and others whom it is convenient to approach by post will receive advice by post.

ADDRESSES

Persons, who have not given their addresses in their claims or at the time of verification or whose addresses have changed and the present address has not been communicated to the Department of Rehabilitation are requested to send post cards giving their present addresses, registration numbers and names of villages in Pakistan in which they hold land.

These post cards should be marked to ADDRESSES SECTION Land Claims, Jullundur.

FIVE IMPORTANT HINTS

(1) Don't come to Jullundur.
(2) Send your address and particulars, if this is necessary.
(3) Await your card.
(4) Possession of land will be delivered as revenue staff now working at Jullundur go back to their circles.
(5) There is no need to rush families to villages of allotment. First make arrangements for rabi cultivation. After fixing up accommodation families may be moved. For long distance movement Government will provide facilities and assistance.

DEPARTMENT OF REHABILITATION,
East Punjab, Jullundur.
5387

THE NEW SWASTIK LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of THE NEW SWASTIK LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD., BOMBAY, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Albert Building (Top Floor), Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on TUESDAY, the 30th August, 1949 at 5-15 p.m. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1948.
2. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire under Article 99 of the Article of Association of the Company, but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

To transact such other business as may be brought forward with the permission of the Chairman.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd AUGUST 1949 to 8th SEPTEMBER 1949 (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
P. D. CHURI,
Jt. Managing Director.

Bombay, 29th July, 1949. 5383

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 15-9-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of ASSISTANT ENGINEER (DIESEL and STEAM), ELECTRIC GRID, on contract for five years. QUALIFICATIONS. (i) University degree in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering or diploma in Electrical Engineering from College or Institution affiliated to university or equivalent academic qualification, and (ii) at least seven years' experience of electrical or electrical-cum-mechanical engineering works, three of which should have been in field work in design and construction of small power stations, erection of diesel engines, electrical plant and distribution lines. AGE.—Not more than 45 years on 1-12-1949. This will be relaxed if necessary. PAY.—Rs. 220-600. Higher starting pay admissible. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 5390

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE WESTERN INDIA SPINNING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on FRIDAY, THE 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers", Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet made for the year ended 31st March, 1949.
2nd—To declare a dividend.
3rd—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4th—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5th—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring forward at the meeting.

Bombay, 5th August, 1949.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE SONS & CO.,
Agents.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 29th August to FRIDAY, the 16th September, 1949 both days inclusive.

The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, on and after Saturday, the 17th day of September, 1949, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Monday, the 29th August, 1949 and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his last registered address. Change of address, if any, should be notified without delay so that the Dividend Warrants may not be lost or misdirected. 5384

THE HINDOOSTAN SPG. & WEAVING MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company, will be held on FRIDAY, THE 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1949 at 3-20 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers," Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet made for the year ended 31st March, 1949.
2nd—To declare a dividend.
3rd—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4th—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5th—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring forward at the meeting.

Bombay, 5th August, 1949.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.
Agents.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 29th August 1949 to FRIDAY, the 16th September, 1949 both days inclusive. 5386

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on FRIDAY, THE 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1949 at 3-40 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers", Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet made for the year ended 31st March, 1949.
2nd—To declare a dividend.
3rd—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4th—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5th—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring forward at the meeting.

Bombay, 5th August, 1949.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Agents.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 29th August to FRIDAY, the 16th September, 1949 both days inclusive.

The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after Saturday, the 17th day of September, 1949, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Monday, the 29th August, 1949 and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his last registered address Change of address if any, should be notified without delay so that the Dividend Warrants may not be lost or misdirected.

The Shareholders at Ahmedabad are advised to receive payments of their Dividends from Mr. Motilal Govindlal Kasondas, residing at Hari Bhakti Pole, Sankdi Sheri, Ahmedabad, on presenting their Share Certificates and the Warrants duly signed. 5385

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Traffic Assistants in the Traffic Department on a scale of Rs. 315-20-425 plus Dearness Allowance, and other benefits. Candidates must possess a University degree, or a diploma in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, or Automobile Engineering and must be not less than 20 and not more than 30 years of age. Preference will be given to applicants having experience in the operation and handling of passenger transport.

Applications will be received up to 27th August, 1949.

Apply:—
J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager.

5399

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of an Overseer, Public Works Department in the scale of Rs. 80-5-130-E. B.-10-170 plus Rs. 5/- p.m. as Cycle Allowance and dearness allowance sanctioned by the Municipality from time to time. The candidate should be a Diploma Holder in Civil Engineering with knowledge of Gujarati and cycling. The post is permanent and pensionable.

Applications stating full particulars regarding age, caste, qualifications, previous experience, etc., along with the testimonials should reach the U/S on or before 24th August, 1948.

T. R. DESAI,
Chief Officer.
Surat Borough Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Surat, 4-8-1949. 5393

NOTICE

A SPECIAL CONGREGATION of the members of Gaudiya Mission (Regd.) will be held at 6-30 a.m. on Wednesday, the 17th August, 1949 (Sri Krishna Jayanti Day) at the Registered Office of the Society:—Sri Gaudiya Math 16A Kali Prasad Chakravarti Street, Baghbazar, Calcutta-3, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass amendments and alterations in Articles Nos. 1, 5, 6, 11, 13, 55 and 37 of the Constitution of Gaudiya Mission.

All members are respectfully requested to be present.

SAJJAN SUHRID
BHAKTABANDHAB,
Addl. Secretary,
Gaudiya Mission.

Sri Gaudiya Math,
Baghbazar, Calcutta-3
4-8-1949.

AUCTION SALES

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, 10th August, 1949, at 3 p.m. at the sale room of the undersigned:

By order of the Bank concerned:— 1 case 12 English Oslo Radio Chassis (Radio Machines without cabinet).

Sundry articles:— Belonging to several parties Underwood and Royal standard typewriters, Rol-Boll and Everlast fountain pens, 120 Dozens Boscofix Solution Tubes 100 Bundles wire, 6 Cases Innoxa Hand Lotion and 2 cases Helena Hand Lotion 100 dozens Betty Lou face powder, 4 Dozens Plastic Rain Coats and 14 Pieces plastic cloth, Morocco and Calf leather Wallets, etc.

AT 4 P. M.

By order of Messrs. V. Anopchand & Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Kishinco (of Hamalwadi, Dhobi Talao).

3 Cases 118 pieces 36" about 5000 yards Plain Dyed Spun Rayon silk LINEN.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

123, Medows St.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS.

M|s. GANDHI & CO. will, under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, sell by Public Auction on 29|30-8-49 at 11 A.M. at G.I.P. Railway, Wadi Bunder, Unclaimed Goods Office, the unclaimed goods including:—

Sugar Sweeping, Bags of G.N. Seeds, Cotton Seeds, Castor Seed, Hirda, Cotton, Bidi Leaves, Slates, H. H. Effect, Cycle Parts, Elec. Goods, Rose Water, E. I. Casks, Barrels, Etc.

TERMS: 50% Cash deposit, balance on or before 8-9-49.

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD & SILVER ORNAMENTS.

M|s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from the Court Receiver High Court, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Bombay High Court Suit No. 1434 of 1945 (Abdullabhai Nazimuddin and Anr. v|s Fatmabai widow and Ors.) sell by Public Auction on Wednesday 10-8-49 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

10 Gold Bangles big, 2 Small Gilidyed Bangles, Gold Necklace with pan, 1 Pair Silver Bangles, 1 Pair Earrings, 1 [illegible] Ring, (Pearls), 1 Gold Ring, Ear Ring, 1 Broken Ring, 1 West End Pocket Watch, One Wrist Watch.

TERMS: 25% Cash Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

IMPORTANT
INDUSTRIAL
INFORMATION
INDUSTRY Monthly Magazine of August 1949 will contain very valuable industrial information concerning:—
Refining of Petroleum with Bauxite
Manufacture of Soap by Dry Saponification
Developments in Vegetable Oil Extraction
Aluminising of Metal by Spraying
Saving Machinery from Rust
INDUSTRY PUBLISHERS LTD.
22, R.G. KAR ROAD, CAL-4
30, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS-2

COOK'S
PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR TO KASHMIR
LEAVE BOMBAY 6th September
RETURN 5th October
INCLUSIVE CHARGE
Rupees 1,190/-
PER PERSON.
A GLORIOUS HOLIDAY IN A LOVELY LAND
For programme and further information apply:
THOS. COOK & SON
(Continental and Overseas) Ltd.,
Hornby Road - - - - BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:—Calcutta, Chittagong, Colombo, Delhi, Karachi, Lahore, Madras, Rangoon, Simla, Singapore.

11TH BIG WEEK:
(Today Mat. at 12-30.)
INDIA'S FINEST & CLEANEST FILM!
New Theatres' Newest
CHHOTA-BHAI
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Sun. 12-30.
(Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12) MINERVA

MATINEE TODAY 11-45
I. N. A. PECTURES'
STIRRING SOCIAL
SWAYAM SIDDHA
Starring SHANTA APTE
(Courtsey S. A. Concerns)
4th WEEK AT
CENTRAL
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 P.M.
A SCREENS' Release

Mother's Woes Gave the World A Great Man
PUNDLIK
10TH CONTINUED WEEK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
MAJESTIC EDWARD

THE PICTURE WHICH MADE THE SILVER JUBILEE ALL OVER INDIA.
GEMINI'S
CHANDRALEKHA
Now showing in its
27th WEEK at:—
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 3 SHOWS:
2-30, 6-00 & 9-30 p.m.
Also at:
CITY LIGHT
(MATUNGA)
DAILY 4 SHOWS:
1-45 a.m., 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Shud 15, 2005.
Muslim: Savval 12, 1368.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 10, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-17 a.m. Sunset: 7-10 p.m.
Hightide: —, 12-19. Lowtide: 05-27, 18-32.

Today's Engagements

YOUTHS' OWN UNION: At You—at Cama Library Hall 6-15 p.m.
GRANT ROAD TALUKA CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Opening ceremony by Mr. S. L. Sham, Secretary of the P.P.C.C. at Shrikrishna Vyayam Shala, 443-Bohari Chawl, Grant Road, 6-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

GODINHO: Philip Neri, Advocate Husband of Humbertina, Father of Hamilton, and Brother of Fenelon and Piedade, aged 75 years. Funeral leaves Emydio House, Dabul, Burrows Lane, 10 a.m. today for Haines Road Cemetry.

Australian Scholarship For Indian Librarians

There is a likelihood of one of the five fellowships and one scholarship offered by the Government of Australia to Indian students to study in Australia being available for a student of Library Science.

The Indian Library Association would like to know if any of the librarians in India desire to have their names considered. Further information can be had by writing to Dr. S. R. Ranganathan, President, Indian Library Association, Delhi University Library, Delhi-2, so as to reach him within a week.

Pak Delegation Returns To Karachi

KARACHI, August 7, (PTI-Reuter): The Pakistan delegation to the Inter-Dominion Conference on Canal Waters led by Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Minister for Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations returned here by air this morning from New Delhi.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Sec. 64 A of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on THURSDAY the 11th August 1949 at 2 p.m. at Alexandra Dock: Warehouse A (Uncleared) Fountain Pen parts: 3 c/s Antimony and hardware: 11 c/ Woollen shawl cloth: spectacle frames: 22 c/s Cycle parts and accessories: Insulation tape: 10 c/s Electric appliances: 46 B/s. Cotton Grey shirting: sample of straw weaving machine: Hanging Clock: 15 c/ Brushes (Brasswire hair) Pearls false: art silk yarn.

MENESSE & CO.

STEAM & MINING
EQUIPMENT (INDIA) LTD.
101, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.
REPRESENTATIVES FOR
"ABERDARE"
POWER & TELEPHONE CABLES
"G. P. DENIS"
L.T. SWITCH FUSE GEAR
"LINE EQUIPMENT"
H.T. OUTDOOR ISOLATING SWITCHES, HRC LIQUID FUSES
"E.M.P. ELECTRIC"
H.T. & L.T. LIGHTNING ARRESTERS
Calcutta Custom House Clearing Agents. Enquiries Solicited
(1)

NEW PREMISES OF BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN

Opening By Rajaji Today: Fillip To Study Of India's Ancient Culture

BOMBAY, Sunday.

With the opening of the new five-storied massive building of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan by H. E. C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India, a fresh fillip will be given to the study and research of Sanskrit and the ancient culture of India.

Founded 11 years ago in a small dilapidated building, the Bhavan has grown into the biggest centre of art, culture and learning on the Western Coast. It is no more a research institution. Today, it has become a movement reviving and revitalising the study and research of ancient sciences, literature and culture.

The new home of the Bhavan constructed on the style of ancient Gujerat architecture, liberally synthesised with western touches, will house the post-graduate and research department in Sanskrit, equipped with an excellent library of classical Sanskrit books and manuscripts. It will accommodate a museum, Gita Mandir, Music Academy, Astronomical Society and other allied institutes of the Bhavan.

The new fully-furnished hall of the Bhavan will open a new chapter in the amateur threatrical movement in the city. With seating accommodation for 900 persons, it will answer the long felt need for a 'theatre for amateurs" and may become a centre for the revival and encouragement of ancient dances, ballets and amateur dramas.

INAUGURAL NIGHT

After the formal opening of the new edifice by the Governor-General, noted artists of Bombay will give performances in various techniques of Indian dancing on the first "inaugural night" of the 'theatre'. An excellent programme of dances and ballets, especially selected for the occasion is a joint effort of more than five amateur groups of the city. Bipin Sinha and his pupils, Shirin Vajifdar, Pooviah Sisters and Raghavan are among others who with their teams of dancers and musicians will give performances in Kathak, Manipuri Kathakali and Bharata Natyam.

The high-light of the programme is the new cameo-ballet, "The Awakening of Saraswati" written and produced by Mrs. Hima Kesarkodi. The ballet opens a decade ago when the people of India had thrown themselves into a paroxysm of imitation of the West, and represents "Saraswati" goddess of learning and art, in a troubled slumber from which she is awakened by the flames of national consciousness. India's dance, music and learning once more take their place in the hearts of the people and "Saraswati" gives rebirth to a ray of hope for the future of the Indian theatre.

SAURASHTRA BAN ON "MASHAL"

RAJKOT, Aug. 7, (PTI): The Saurashtra Government has banned entry of "Mashal", a Gujarati paper published in Bombay, into the State by sea, air or land under Sea Customs Act.

Revolver Recovered

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, Aug. 5.

Baghdadi Police were able to recover one revolver and some cartraidges from the but of a Muslim named Satar while busy making investigations in a theft case.

A number of stolen articles were also recovered from the place and the owner of the hut was taken into custody.

RADIO

BOMBAY, Aug. 8.

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee (G. Pad), 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram, 7-45 S. Jadnav and Party (Shahnai), 8-0 News (E), 8-15 News (H), 8-30 Kusum Shroff and Sisters (Garbi Geeto), 8-45 News (G), 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude, 12-50 Kusum Shroff and Sisters (Gujarati Geet), 1-0 News (G), 1-10 As in Bombay B, 1-30 News (E), 1-40 Dance Music, 5-0 Sadaat Khan, 5-15 Narayandas Jekison and Party (Bhajans of Ganpatram), 5-30 As in Bombay B, 6-0 R. V. Jadhav (Gorakh Kalyan), 7-0 Topic of Day, 7-10 Locals, 7-15 S. Jadhav and Party (Shahnai), 7-45 Gujarati Garba Ane Ras, 8-0 Kusum Shroff and Sisters (Gujarati Ras), 8-15 News (G), 8-30 As in Bombay B, 9-0 News (E), 9-15 News (H), 9-30 As in Bombay B, 10-0 Music of Opera, 10-30 San Francisco Symphony, 10-45 Phyllis Jeffery (contralto).

BOMBAY B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A, 7-45 News (K), 8-0 Tarabai Gadagkar (Jaunpuri), 8-30 News (M), 8-45 S. R. Golakar and Party (Abhang), 11-0 Shrawan Sangeet, 12-0 p.m. G. S. Yellapurkar (Vocal), 12-25 S. Jadhav and Party (Shahnai), 12-45 As in Bombay A, 12-50 News (M), 1-0 Sadaat Khan Ghazal (Firoz Nizami), 1-10 Gottuwadyam Aur Jaltarang, 1-40 News (H) 5-0 As in Bombay A, 5-30 Tarabai Gadagkar (Puria Dhanashree), 6-0 S. R. Golatkar and Party (Goulan), 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners, 7-15 As in Bombay A, 7-45 News (K), 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Sadaat Khan (Ghazal), 8-30 Beeji Chijo (Talk in Gujarati by M. P. Gandhi), 8-45 "Naralee Pournima" (Marathi Roopak by Shree B. V. Nadkarni), 9-0 Tarabai Gadagkar (Paraj), 9-30 Records (selected and produced by S. N. Chapekar), 9-45 Kashmir (5) The Handicraft: Talk (E) by Faruk Mula, 10-0 "Kadambari" Roopak in Gujarati by Natwar Khilochia based on Mahakavi Bana's great work, 10-30 R. V. Jadhav (Hamir).

TRAIN RUNS INTO TRUCK

Driver Killed: Two Injured

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

Late on Sunday night a serious accident took place on the Indore Railway level crossing when a goods train collided with a truck. The engine made a direct thrust on the vehicle which was hurled hundreds of feet away resulting in the instantaneous death of the truck driver. The cleaner and his companion were seriously injured.

It is said that the truck which was full of timbeer logs came about 11-30 p.m. and while crossing the lines the engine which was running on coal-gas plant stopped. The driver made efforts to start the engine but it did not respond. A goods train which had no search light came within a few minutes of the truck and made a direct hit.

The other story said in this connection is that the gates of the level crossing were closed but as the driver was in a hurry to reach his distination, he forced open the doors and pushed his truck in where the vehicle stopped. The goods train did not blow the whistle while coming to the crossing and therefore, the victims had no chance of escape.

APPEAL REJECTED

Mr. Justice Hemeon and Mr. Justice V. R. Sen have dismissed the appeal preferred by the Provincial Government against the decision of the District and Sessions Judge, Nagpur, The case arose out of the disurbances after Gandhi's death in which one Hindu Mahasabhait Pandit Sheonarayen was murdered. Some Congressmen were entangled and were put up for trial. The Dist. and Sessions Judge acquitted all of them. The Provincial Government went in appeal and it was also dismissed.

CONGRESS WINS

In Warora Municipal Elections (Chanda District), Congress won cent per cent victory. Of the 11 seats, Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee had set up 9 candidates, all of them were elected with thumping majority. Shri Dable, pleader the Congress nominee for Presidentship, was also returned.

INDUSTRIALISATION

A demand for enquiry into industrial ventures sponsored by the Provincial Government and particularly into the affairs of the Ballarpur Mills was made by Shri Mandpe, at a press conference. He revealed that the tax payers' money was being wasted by financing various limited concerns which had no chance of success.

He was afraid that if Ballarpur Mills failed because of inefficient management that would acquire bad reputation overseas and industrialisation in the Province would get a serious set back. In the Ballarpur Paper Mills the Government had purchased shares worth Rs. 55 lakhs and Directors had only subscribed to the tune of Rs. 13 lakhs. The Canadian machinery manufacturers have purchased shares worth Rs. 8 lakhs.

THE WEATHER

POONA, August 7.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08.30 hours (I.ST.) on August 7, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 83 77 0.4 15.7 minus 2.3; Ahmednagar 89 70 0 4.3 minus 5.5; Allahabad 82 80 0.6 16.3 minus 3.4; Bangalore 83 69 0 6.3 plus 0.6; Baroda 89 77 0.2 14.9 minus 6.0; BOMBAY 85 77 — 48.5 plus 1.8; Calcutta 87 77 T 27.3 plus 0.1; Colombo 87 78 0 19.7 plus 5.5; Delhi 89 79 0.1 18.8 plus 6.7; Hyderabad (Dn) 90 73 0 10.6 minus 0.8; Madras 95 73 0.7 9.4 plus 3.0; Mahabaleshwar 65 63 1.3 120.5 minus 53.4; Mysore 84 69 0 6.3 plus 0.6; Nagpur 90 77 0 32.9 plus 6.7; Patna 87 80 0.1 31.0 plus 9.6; Poona 82 72 0.2 6.4 minus 5.6; Sholapur 92 73 0 11.7 minus 2.3.

Following is the weather summary for Sunday, August 7, 1949:

A well-marked low lies this morning over Bihar with its central region east of Gaya.

The monsoon has been fairly active in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Gujarat and in and near the East United Provinces and in the hills of the East Punjab and the west United Provinces. Fairly widespread light to moderate rain has also fallen in the Konkan and local rain elsewhere except in the Deccan and along the north Madras coast where the monsoon has been generally weak.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF EIGHTH: The monsoon will be strong in Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, and Bihar, and active in sub-Himalayan West Bengal and in the East Punjab hills. Rainfall is likely to increase in Malabar and be widespread and light to moderate in the Konkan. Local rain will occur in Assam. The United Provinces, Gujerat the central parts of the country, Mysore and south-east Madras.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and South Bihar during the next 36 hours.

Dr. B. B. Dikshit, Principal, B. J. Medical College left for U. K. to attend the International Bio-Chemical Conference at Cambridge and later for a tour of U. S. A. as the Fellow of the W.H.O.

TRANSPORT STRIKE IN KARACHI

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, Aug. 7.

Almost all the transport vehicles in the Pakistan Capital were on strike for some days ago as a protest against the heavy increase in their wheel-tax.

Transport companies and private owners have all combined forgetting their keen rivalry with each other and have parked their vehicles on the vast Polo grounds in front of the Governor-General's residence.

Authorities seem quite adamant and in the meantime, Karachi's entire goods transport system stands paralysed.

Sind Hindus Threatened

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, Aug. 7.

Over a dozen leading Hindus of Jacobabad are reported to have received by now annonymous letters threatening dire consequences if they did not leave Pakistan with a fortnight.

It will be recalled, Jacobabad is the last district in Sind which has now been invaded by the Muslim refugees with the result that all sorts of tactics are being adopted to compel those Hindus who are still living there to migrate to India so that the Muslim refugees can take possession of their shops, houses, lands and other properties without any hindrance.

MADRAS SCHEME FOR SEPARATION OF JUDICIARY FROM EXECUTIVE

Introduction In Two Districts Soon

MADRAS, Aug. 7, (PTI): The Madras Government's scheme for the separation of the Judiciary from the Executive will be introduced in the districts of Chingleput and North Arcot in the first instance, according to a decision taken by the Sub-Committee of the Provincial Cabinet today.

The separation will be effected in these two districts probably in September, it is learnt.

According to an earlier decision of the Committee, the scheme will be extended to ten more districts from October 2. Altogether there are 25 districts in the Province.

Mr. K. Madhavva Menon, Minister for Law, stated that at today's meeting the Committee finalised details regarding recruitment to magistracy under the new scheme. He said that while 80 per cent of posts of magistrates would be recruited from the bar and legal graduates, the rest would be filled by retaining the existing experienced Magistrates.

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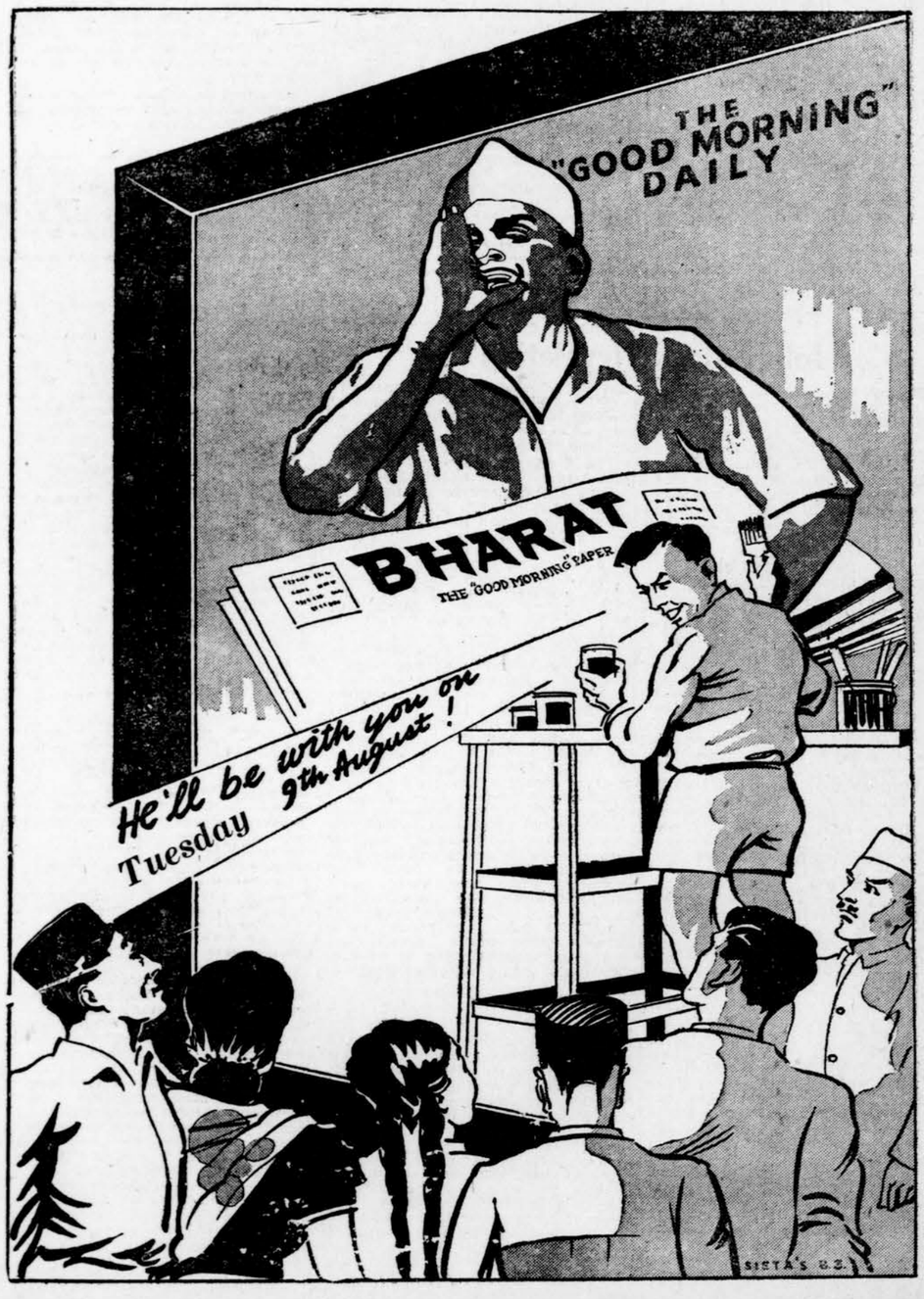
Music: GHULAM HYDER
Directed & Produced by: KRISHNA KUMAR
Story: HASRAT LUCKNAVI.
KANEEZ
MUNAWAR SULTANA. SHYAM.
2ND WEEK
SUPER 3-15, 6-15, 9-15 Sun. Mat. 12-15.
Booking: 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 6-30.
GRAND PICTURES Release.



The Bombay Chronicle

Success in life is a mat ter not so much of talent or opportunity as of concentration and perseverance.

—C. W. WENDTE

CAUTIOUS OPTIMISM

Pandit Jawaharlal in his statement at the press conference on the state of the nation naturally dwelt first on economic and industrial conditions. He spoke of the discovery of underground water in the Rajputana desert about ten or twelve feet below the soil. This will make a great difference to the people of Rajputana and to India as a whole. Not all sub-soil water is fit for human use but then neither is it all saline. Moreover, saline water which cannot be used by men, is sometimes found quite proper for stock. Water that is useful for stock might not be suitable for plants. But in all this, much investigation will have to be made. There is already a great deal done in Australia and something might be learnt from those experiments. Pandit Jawaharlal, however, referred again in his broadcast talk on food on Saturday night to the Rajputana discovery and his statement that it will turn 12,000 acres of desert into farmland, is one that he would not have made unless the preliminary investigations had been completed. The flora in Rajputana, it has been said, bears evidences of the sea's influence and without precise knowledge of what has been found there, it would not be possible to strike the optimistic note that Pandit Jawaharlal did. In his broadcast speech, the Prime Minister also made mention of the farmer who had more than quadrupled the produce. These are indications that much can be done in raising food production to the level of self-sufficiency, that much is being done by individuals and that all efforts to co-ordinate this are promised. On the industrial front also, Pandit Jawaharlal was able to speak of the "progressive decline in Labour troubles in the last two years".

If conditions in these spheres are fairly satisfactory and promising, Pandit Jawaharlal had less cheer to give on the political front. He indicated that the Government had not been quite taken in by the manoeuvres of the R.S.S. and that that organisation needed watching. Asked by a questioner whether Communism or Communalism was the less evil, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave a characteristic and utterly disarming reply. "What an extraordinary question to ask", he said, "Which do you prefer? Death by drowning or by falling from a precipice?" On the subject of Communist agitation, Pandit Jawaharlal's remarks were revealing. He said that, after his visit to Calcutta, an extraordinary change had come over the people. Though a tramcar had been set fire to on the street, the hoo'ligans had been caught and hammered not by the police but by the public—and they had learnt a lesson which was very healthy for the peace of Calcutta. It is strange that this development had not been made public so far, and it gives some basis for the gentle rebuke which Pandit Jawaharlal administered to the Home Department for keeping back the details relating to the Communist position. Pandit Jawaharlal mentioned a conspiracy on the part of Communists to sabotage peace and to create disturbances in the country. It is the Communist technique, not only in India, to blame all economic troubles on the democratic parties, particularly the party in power, to frustrate all efforts at industrial peace and to precipitate workers' disputes and strikes. Nothing regarding the interests of the workers concerns the Communists whose sole interest is to disrupt the economy of the country and to weaken the Government and the State. Mr. Jaya Prakash Narain has analysed the Communist menace with equal lucidity at Calcutta though he has shrunk from the logical conclusion that anyone who is adding to a general confusion, is playing into the hands of the Communists. But that is another matter. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru made it clear that the Government depended on no strength other than that of an informed and active public opinion in fighting both Communism and Communalism. He called for the co-operation of all parties, particularly the Socialists, to the constructive task. Whilst on the subject of civil liberties, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru aptly said that much was being published in the press in India which established that there was no penalisation of opinion. He referred to newspapers which had passed the limit. A comment on conditions in Tibet in a weekly from Bombay came in for special condemnation. In the sphere of foreign politics, it is particularly essential that there should be restraint and some regard for facts. But it is just here that the irresponsible press finds it easiest to find targets for its malice, sensationalism and muck-raking—feeling confident that the victims are not within reciprocating distance.

Once again the Prime Minister reaffirmed the Indian Government's policy of standing away from the Russian and Western blocs and of exerting itself to efforts to bring them together. The only policy for India is one of neutrality and of deciding her stand on principle which excludes advance commitments. This is clearly seen even by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and the Socialist Leaders. But attempts are made periodically to insinuate that India is being dargooned into supporting one or the other side. The Prime Minister also indicated that India's Foreign embassies have been instructed to make the nation's stand on colonialism, racialism and imperialism crystal clear. The Prime Minister's review was a candid narrative of the conditions in the country and it was couched in terms of justified opticism.

Interesting Revelation

A French Government communique released on Saturday, throws a good deal of light on French longings in regard to the four French spots in India, and, also, incidentally, on M. Goubert and his two colleagues of the three-man delegation, which recently visited New Delhi and Paris. The communique reveals the real mission of the delegation when it says that M. Goubert and his colleagues "expressed the desire of getting for French settlements of South India an autonomous status within the framework of the French Union". The delegation has thus been exposed as interested more in keeping those Indian settlements as French territory than in vindicating their self-respect as Indians, as children of the motherland, which is not and which cannot be France. And what the delegation secured in Paris was, to quote the communique, that "the French Government have decided to examine this problem in the light of the international agreements that have taken place up-to-date and the French Government desire to give satisfaction to the wishes of the delegation".

Indians of the French settlements have to ask themselves, and answer, two questions. First how far is it consistent with national and racial self-respect to allow themselves to be represented by, or to follow the lead of, men who invite them to deny India in favour of France? Secondly, what will they choose between a French promise to "examine" the desirability of giving them autonomous status within a racially, nationally and geographically foreign Union on the one hand, and, on the other, the pledge of the leader of their own motherland of autonomy within the Indian Union? It is, by the way, worthy of note that the French Government and its Indian supporters have been led to talk of autonomy not so much of their own accord as by way of competitively reaction to what Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said long ago. He repeated it at his important Press Conference at New Delhi on Friday last. He explained why the French Indian settlements were to be given autonomous status. And that explanation constitutes a full appreciation of the position and natural desires of the people concerned. No ground now remains for "French" Indians for any hesitation in returning with pride and joy to the fold of the motherland. Patriotism and self-respect call them to the Indian Union. So does far sighted realism. For, even men like M. Goubert can see that in the altered circumstances of India and Asia preference for French Union would create an utterly unnatural state of affairs, which just could not last long.

Dr. Hatta's Visit

Dr. Mohammad Hatta has arrived in India on his way to Holland as the guest of India's Prime Minister in New Delhi for a few days. Dr. Hatta has visited this country before also. But today India and its people welcome him as the Prime Minister of the Indonesian Republic. And they have special reason to welcome him because he is the head of a state in whose struggle for freedom India has been keenly interested and because there is so much, which is not only historically but also, in terms of future policy common between India and Republican Indonesia. Dr. Hatta is going on a great and historic mission, the mission of securing complete independence for his country through peaceful negotiation and understanding. He carries with him the sincere good wishes of Asia and of India in particular. For, a free Indonesia will be a great asset to Asia and a source of great gratification specially to this country because of the virtual identity in the international and internal policies of the two.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

All the parties, with whom he had so far discussed, had agreed to the fundamentals which he had indicated at a press interview at Bombay. If these fundamentals were agreed to by the constituent parties, and if they could continue working on these lines, he said he could expect the formation of a United Leftist Party in the country.

—Babu Sarat Chandra Bose at a press conference in Calcutta.

* * *

At his Press Conference the other day, the Prime Minister, outlining the foreign policy of this country, said: "India does not align herself with any particular power bloc".

In view of the authoritative opinion so positively expressed by Dr. Mulkraj Anand (see below) we can only say that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru doesn't know what India's foreign policy is.

* * *

Referring to India's approach to South Africa for the implementation of the U. N. resolution and the suggestion to Pakistan for joint action Pandit Nehru revealed that the Pakistan Government did not reply for a cosiderable time.

First things first, naturally, and the humiliation of Indians and Pakistanis in South Africa afterwards. You see, the Pakistan Government had to put the Indian Government in its place first.

* * *

About the new policy towards the R. S. S. the Prime Minister said, Frankly we do not trust the R. S. S. very much and we shall keep a very vigilant outlook in regard to it". Frankly we are glad.

* * *

To a question the Prime Minister replied that personally he would say that although the R. S. S. and the Communists were in a sense poles apart, nevertheless, in another sense they were very near to each other, both in their love of violence and their authoritarianism.

As Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri of the Hindu Mahasabha would say, only the Communists and the Mahasabha are the two parties in the country with a positive programme.

* * *

In a statement on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's press conference, Mr. Asoka Mehta, says "Labour is grateful to the Prime Minister for his pledge that wages cannot and will not be lowered.

Splendid. How about Labour proceeding to implement the gratitude from now on?

* * *

Speaking at the World Peace Day meeting in Bombay Dr. Mulkraj Anand said it was unfortunate that India was allying herself with the Anglo-American bloc.

(Er——er——see above.)

* * *

"So long," said Dr. Anand, "as the frontiers of thought are not open and so long as the material conditions are not congenial to the growth of free thought and efflorescene of cultural activity, the threat of war will remain."

We agree so long as frontiers of thought are not open on either side etc. etc... Yes, we quite agree.

WRONG DONE SHOULD BE RIGHTED

Kannadigas' Claim For More Seat In Expanded Cabinet

(From Our Correspondent).

HUBLI, (By Mail).—Mr. R. A. Jahgirdar, First Vice-Chancellor of the Karnatak University, which is expected to start functioning shortly is touring Karnatak. The object of his tour is to educate the public regarding the scope and functions of the University which the people of the Dominion Karnatak would be having for the first time, thanks to the Government of Bombay who took the initiative in this respect. It was only some days back that Mr. Jahgirdar took charge of Bombay office.

Last week Mr. Jahgirdar visited important centres like Dharwar, Hubli, Gadag and Bijapur, accompanied by members of the Advisory Board appointed for the purpose of assisting him.

Mr. Jahgindar in his speeches made it clear that Karnatak University would be a broad-based one. It would afford facilities to linguistic minorities though of course Kannada would be a dominant language. The very name of the University indicated that it was a Karnatak University and not a Kannada University. Hence linguistic minorities need not entertain doubts that their interests would be overlooked. It was his desire to make the University an ideal one. It would strive to produce future politicians, ambassadors, philosophers, scientists and others, he said.

Referring to the medium of instruction he explained that it was proposed to make Kannada as medium upto B.A. standard. In the post-graduate courses, however, the national language of the country might be offered with a view to maintaining inter-provincial harmony.

As regards holding of examinations under the auspices of the University he said that the University Senate which would be elected within six months from now would decide the issue. The Senate would be a democratic body whose decisions would be final and binding. But he could say this much that the Senate might favour holding of the examinations in March 1950. One peculiar feature of the Senate would be that it would consist of representatives of local bodies, mercantile associations, public organisations, etc., he added.

He also revealed that at present the the office of the University was functioning in Bombay with a view to studying the working of Bombay and Poona Universities. The duration of the Bombay office was only two months thereafter it would be shifted to Dharwar, the permanent seat of the Karnatak University.

Mr. Jahgirdar appealed for generous contributions from the public towards the University fund. He explained that money was also required for instituting scholarships and prizes, which alone attracted a larger number of students and specially the brighter amongst them. He added that he would be touring Karnatak again in the month of September with the special object of collecting money for the University and expressed the nope that he would get sufficient response. He wanted them to remember that foundation of Karnatak province had been well laid with the establishment of a separate University which, he was sure, would help a great deal in building up glorious Karnatak.

BOMBAY MINISTRY AND KARNATAK

With the announcement of the proposal to expand the present Bombay Cabinet following the merger of all the States in the province, the agitation for getting more representation to Karnatak in the Cabinet is gaining strength. There is at present only one representative from Karnatak in the Bombay Cabinet whose total strength is ten. He is the Hon. Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests. Since the time the present Cabinet was constituted in April 1946 there has been a feeling in Karnatak that Kannadigas' claims had been overlooked and that they should have at least two representatives in the Cabinet for which they were entitled considering the area and population of Bombay Karnatak. But now following the integration of all the States in the province, it is pointed out the Kannada-speaking population of the province has increased enormously. The Bombay Cabinet is any how to be expanded. Kannadigas have a prior claim. Why should it not include more Kannada representatives this time at least? Why should not the wrong done to the Kannadigas be righted? These are some of the questions that one comes across in Karnatak of today.

Some Karnatak M.L.A.s recently sent a telegram to the Hon. B. G. Kher, Bombay Premier, urging him to include more Kannada representatives in the Bombay Cabinet. They say "The claim of Karnatak to have at least one more seat in the Cabinet is irresistible and indisputable."

They further add that if this reasonable demand of Karnatak is flouted it would result in frustration and disappointment ending in widespread agitation throughout Karnatak and that such persistent indifferences towards Karnatak would definitely weaken Congress organisation in this part of the country.

IGNORING OF CLAIMS

This demand is backed up by "Navayuga", a nationalist paper, edited by Mr. T. R. Neshwi, M.L.A., Vice-President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee and former Parliamentary Secretary to the Government of Bombay. The paper which is regarded as unofficial organ of the K.P.C.C. refers to a report in certain section of the press that Bombay Government had decided to appoint Dr. Jivraj Mehta and Rajasaheb of Phaltan as two additional members of

(Continued on page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Salt Incident

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, was unnecessarily provoked by the suggestion that the draft article in the Constitution asking for no imposition of the Salt Tax should be dropped. The suggestion was not for the immediate imposition of the Salt Tax but only a perfectly legitimate demand that the law-making powers of the future Republic should not be fettered by unnecessary restrictions. Dr. Prasad was upset by the thought that Gandhiji's stand for the abolition of the Salt Tax should be set at nought. And he said that the Government in its search for money might resort to reviving the tax. This is very unfortunate and is is deplorable that the President of the Constituent Assembly should have abruptly intervened in the debate, instead of observing the traditional neutrality of the Speaker. Moreover, it is conceivable that the Salt Tax might have to be resorted to and there is no point in opposing it on merely sentimental grounds. After all, the relief supposed to be gained from repeal is not very large. On the other hand, there have been certain practical difficulties after the Tax was dropped which raise doubts about the wisdom of the move. All these things have to be considered administratively and there is no point in either tying up the Constitution or in losing one's perspective. It has been decided to defer the question for later consideration. We hope Dr. Prasad will realise the essential error of his attitude and revise his stand.

Linguistic Set-up

The Congress Working Committee has expressed its opinion, in general terms, on the future linguistic set-up of the country. In a resolution adopted by it on the subject, it has laid down certain principles, which it thinks would be conducive to the preservation and development of various languages prevalent in bilingual areas, Provinces or States and to the removal of misapprehension regarding their future. The Committee has also defined the scope of the State language, but while doing so it has taken care not to recommend any as such. It has dismissed the linguistic problem from the educational and administrative viewpoints. In fact both these viewpoints are interdependent, but logically the educational should precede the administrative. The principles laid down by the Committee as regards the medium of instruction in the primary, secondary and University stages of education are not above criticism. There could hardly be any difference of opinion on the adoption of the mother tongue as a medium of instruction in the primary stage.

For the secondary stage, the Committee has recommended the Provincial language as a medium and the state language as a second language. It is at this stage that the state or National language should be taught to all the sudents, but the Working Committee has left it merely as a second language, and has failed to define its place in the curriculum. Proceeding the Committee has provided that in the University stage the medium should be the Provincial language, but it has given no indication whatsoever of the place of the state language in University education. We wish that a responsible body like the Congress working Committee should have refrained from expressing any opinion on the crucial question of the medium of instruction in the University stage pending the recommendations to be made by the University Commission.

Medium For Higher Education

In a vast and multilingual country like India, higher education should be imparted in a common language which must be the State or National language. Disregard of this principle is bound to lead to educational disunity, under growth of cultural regionalism and ultimately to administrative difficulties The Committee has clearly stated that for all-India purposes there will be a state language in which the business of the Union, communication with the Provincial and State Governments and inter-Provincial and inter-state correspondence would be conducted. Having accepted the indispensibility of a common language, the Working Committee ought to have realised the importance of the educational stage at which such a language should have been introduced as a compulsory medium of instruction. After all the personnel for the various branches of administration at the Centre and in the Provincial and State Governments and for teaching in the higher educational institutions will be drawn from the Universities, and for this very reason, the medium of instruction in the University stage must be the National language. The Congress Working Committee has estimated fifteen years as the maximum period for the substitution of English by the state language at the centre and for interprovincial affairs. The process of substitution should start from the secondary stage of education. The period of its termination will depend upon the rate at which the needed adequate personnel is provided by the educational institutions. The substitution should not amount to complete elimination of English. Some provision for English will have to be made in the educational system for the purposes of international contacts.

An Elementary Right

The right of the members of the Harijan caste and scheduled classes to enter any place of public entertainment is affirmed in a press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay. The Government of Bombay has ensured this right by legal provision. According to the new rule 17A made under the city of Bombay Police Act, the keeper of any place of public entertainment is restrained from displaying or causing to be displayed any placard or board indicating that admission to the place was restricted to the members of a particular caste or community cancellation of the license will be the penalty for the breach of the provisions of the new rule. Swimming baths and gymnasia should also be left open, to Harijans. They should, no longer, be allowed to foster the evil of communalism or sectarianism. Apart from the access to the places of public entertainment guaranteed to Harijans by the Government, the organisers of variety shows should forego the income of few seats and invite Harijans to attend the shows so that they will be prompted to shake off the inferiority complex and to mix with the members of other communities freely and on terms of equality The same object will be achieved if responsible leaders will begin to invite Harijans known to them to join the parties arranged by them on auspicious or social occasions.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Language Controversy

I read in your paper the "Compromise Formula" and the appeal thereafter to accept it and and to drop the unhappy (and useless in my opinion) controversy going on the topic. I also read as I had expected going on the topic. I also read as I had expected counter appeal (or blast!). My reactions to both of these are summerised below:—

(i) The problem in the spirit in which it is being tackled is in my opinion, not of "National" language but of "State" language. To my mind a "National" language should be spontaneously acclaimed as such by the countrymen themselves and need not be imposed by legislation or even moral force.

(ii) Under the present existing conditions, there is no possibility of evolving out a National language as defined above. Consequently the efforts should be concentrated on getting a State language which should be solely chosen on the merits of the language being widely known and understood, having a systematised and phonetic plot and the ease with which it can be learnt. All have agreed in principle on these points. The difference as aptly pointed out by Rajendra Babu lies in the minds and not in substance or practice.

(iii) Immediately after agreeing upon these principles the question comes of naming the language and much of the diversity of opinion lies on this point alone, which as is obvious is only of superficial character from utility point of view. When the name of our country has continually been changing, there should not be any reluctance to changing the name of the language. But at the same time I see no legitimate cause of the necessity of changing the name. It is only the sentimental compromise that the advocates of the name "Hindustani" for the state language aim at. But they lose sight of the fact that with 50-50 satisfaction of the parties in such compromises there is an equal amount of discontent. The net result is nil. Hence the formula is useless unless some basic advantage is envisaged.

(iv) National language (in the sense pointed above) will evolve out itself in due course of time. What is needed for its natural and healthy evolution is not legislation but soothing atmosphere.

(v) The question of language is mostly and primirily of a literary character.

(vi) From economic considerations, I believe in one language — one script for the State and from simplicity accuracy, and non-ambiguity points of view—Hindi in Dev Nagari script is commendable.

—PRAKASH C. SHARMA

Congress Achievements

You have done a great service to India in your leading article of 2nd August by drawing public attention to the ways of those who are out to destroy instead of assist in shaping a new India that is being built up by the Congress Government. These people do not care to admit what great achievements have been realised by Congress Government even under abnormal conditions. Foremost of all is the oneness of India, which even the British Government during their stay here for two hundred years did not think of, by erasing from the Indian map, so many big and small states, some of which being illusioned into their own independence one by one without raising a finger. None else, but our Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru, could have performed such miracles, least of all these very people who are out to break into small pieces again, what is now one whole. This oneness was out of question during the princely days for hundreds of years, till now. Do these people want those days again? Then the language question is already leading us towards that position. We have to admit that it was the English language common to all provinces which did so much to create conditions leading towards this "One India" as at present. Now, what will happen by giving higher education in respective provincial languages? That a person expert in one's province, will be found of no use in other province. Discarding of English language would have been found easy if we had one or two common languages all over India. But as it is, we shall have to carry on with English for some years to come. The "One India" was possible because Congress was predominant in provinces as well as at centre. So many parties would have added to the already princely order.

—JAMNADAS DAMODER

Poona

Infirmary For Indian Seamen

Seamen have to spend major part of their life on high seas for the progress of our trade and the well being of our country. They have to be away from their homes, comfort and pleasures of a family life. Some seamen who perforce have to spend lengthy periods in distant lands and seas, get estranged from their families to such an extent that their homes are broken, with no one to take care of them in their old age. The nature of their service is such that such a situation is not of their own deliberate creation, but a necessary evil which in some cases becomes unavoidable. It is for such unfortunate seamen that the State, the business people, and the pubblic in general morally owe a duty. In their old age when they are totally destitute and physically unfit, they require a shelter to which they could resort to, to end their last days in peace, as otherwise they have to die a miserable death under the open sky, and on the foot-paths of the City without a soul to sympathise.

To such of our unfortunate seamen, an "Infirmary" is quite necessary. I am sure it is not too much to ask for from our benevolent Government and the generous public, particularly in view of the fact that other countries are giving due regard to this sea-faring class, and have provided for them unemployment insurance, infirmaries, and other amenities of life. I think it will not be out of place to mention here that if the Managing Committee of the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund undertakes to provide an "Infirmary" for Indian seamen, the amount thus allotted will be well spent for a very deserving cause of the suffering humanity, besides serving at the same time a national cause.

—SYED MAHAMED.

Great Expectations

The experts in India expect much from the students. As an educationist, I am trying to put together the various suggestions of these experts for the betterment of the country through the instrumentality of the students.

The non-official defence expert expects the students to go through a minimum of military training before he is allowed his examination. The Social Educationist wants him to make a minimum number of adults literate. A Social Worker wants him to do a good turn every morning and evening. The Grow More Food Expert wants him to work in the fields, and a host of other experts want the students to do a minimum for their schemes before they are allowed their certificate or degree.

The educationist is confused and confounded, the student world overwhelmed.

Could there ever be a possibility of a co-ordinated effort which is related directly to the age, time and the strength of the students? I will thank the experts for light.

—J. M. KAYANDE.

OPEN AIR

The Babblers, or the Seven Sisters, as they are often called, from their habit of going about in noisy parties of six or seven together, are finding no difficulty in finding all the insects they want on these wet days. They hop about on the ground, pecking busily among the fallen leaves ,and then fly off with excited cries, as one or the other of the party gives the alarm of approaching danger. There are several different species of Babblers, some of which are familiar even in Bombay, while others, such as the Yellow-eyed Babbler, Spotted Babbler and Deccan Scimitar Babbler, will be seen only in the more heavily wooded places. I once saw the Deccan Scimitar Babbler in Mahableshwar. Unlike most of the other babblers, it generally leads a solitary life and it is not much like them in appearance either, for while their plumage is rather fluffy and untidy, the Scimitar Babbler is very well groomed. It is dark brown above, with a white throat and breast and white eye-brows. The beak is bright yellow in colour and curved and strongly pointed.

—D. R.

SCIMTEIR BABBLER

George Lewis Goes Down To Henry Ferreira

ULLAL AND MUGWE REPEAT EARLIER SUCCESS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

BADMINTON fans who visited the Badra Gymkhana this evening to watch the ultimate day's play in the Suburban Badminton Championships, were served with a very high standard of Badminton in Men's events. In the final Henry Ferreira, India's Thomas Cup representative, dowered George Lewis, World's tenth ranked player, to the tour of 15-12, 12-15, 15-8.

Incidentally, Henry is the first Bombay player after Khandu Rangnekar, to beat George Lewis.

There were tw ofactors, that amongst our internationals, and today in the final, he fully justified the faith put in him by many of his admirers.

There were two factors, that has played vital part in Henry's success. One was that Lewis is now 39 years of age and he must be conceding at last 12 years to his opponent, the other being that Lewis now having settled down in Bombay, has practiced with our local players very often and as a result, they are now used to his game and Lewis' flicks have no element of surprise for them.

The second of the reasons cited above was clearly evident in the last two matches that Lewis played.

Coming to the match proper, it gave the onlooker, the impression that Lewis's three points game has become very mechanical and Henry now being used to his game moved exactly for his opponent's strokes, consequently, man with better staying power won.

In the first set Lewis set a very hot pace, by concentrated offensive lobs on Henry's backhand and acute chopped drops to the forehand corner. Henry could not stand up to this type of attack and as such Lewis soon took a flying lead of 5-1. Lewis however could not afford to stick to this tactics for a very long time as his resources were very limited, and Henry seeing this kept the shuttle right to the base line and did not give Lewis a chance to keep up the attack in the way in which he wanted to. Henry reduced the lead to 5-4. Lewis then scored at intervals and led 9-4. But this was as far as he could go and Henry levelled the matters at 11-11. After this Lewis could score only one point and Henry won the first set at 15-12.

H. Ferreira

In the second set, the strain of the first set had taken a very heavy toll of Lewis's stamina and Henry soon led 7-1. All this time Lewis kept Henry moving at a just pace. At this stage Henry was very tired and Lewis was not slows in noticing this. By this time, he had taken little rest and summoning all his reserves at his command, he caught Henry at 9. After this they went neck to neck till 12. At this stage Lewis scored two points by smashing down the line. Henry was not prepared for this as he was running for a lot on backhand. Lewis won the set at identical scores.

Five minutes rest was not sufficient for Lewis and Henry soon led 6-1. Lewis at this stage started taking many risks in trying to lob very accurately as a result he hit them out, and although he scored eight points, he had to bow down to superior physical fitness of his opponent.

In the final of the men's doubles, Bala Ullal and Dattatreya Mugve once again beat Henry Ferreira and Homi Talyarkhan, Ferreira after his strenuous singles match, had about 20 minutes rest. He and his partner defended superbly against robust attack of Bala and Mugve and went level till 12-all At this stage Mugwe brought off superb placings at the net and scored the next three points.

In the second set it was a touch and go affair and 13 all was called. At this stage Henry and Howi made a gallant bid to save the match, and they led 17-15 and at this stage they got four services but they could not get the last point. Bala at this stage brought of two smashes and Mugwe at the net killed the returns. At this point they again got two services but they failed and Bala and Mugwe won the set and the match at 18-17.

Mugwe and Ullal an developing into a very powerful combination and they lived upto the reputation of being India's best doubles combination.

Following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES FINAL

Henry Ferreira beat George Lewis 15-12, 12-15, 15-8.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES FINAL

Miss Mumtaz R. Chinoy and Mrs. Nobhina Lewis beat Miss Betty Farias and Mrs. K. Noguer 15-11, 15-4.

MEN'S DOUBLES FINAL

Bala Ullal and Dattatrya Mugwe beat Henry Ferreira and Homi Talyarkhan 15-12, 18-17.

WOMEN'S SINGLES FINAL

Miss Betty Farias beat Miss Mumtaz Chinoy, 11-5, 9-11, 11-4.

MIXED DOUBLES FINAL

George Lewis and Mrs. Nobhina Lewis beat Henry Ferreira and Mrs. Bella Castelino, 18-16, 18-15.

JUNIOR SINGLGES FINAL

Atel Parekh beat Sharad Desai, 15-8, 15-8.

EARLY REVERSE FOR ELPHINSTONE

Dhongade Beaten In Collegiate Badminton

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Elphinstone College suffered the first reverse on the opening day of the Collegiate Badminton Championships on the Elphinstone College Court this morning, when their 'A' representative D. N. Dhongade went down to P. B. Shashital, the second string of St. Xavier's College.

M. K. Bhopardikar from Ruia College and Xavierite O'Alves moved into next round, by virtue of their victories over Law 'B' and Wilson 'A' respectively.

Elphinstone D. N. Dhongade was surprisingly beaten by P. B. Shashital, and although Dhondgade tried very hard, he was up against a player, who was playing with the grit of a champion. Sashital is a very versatile stroke player and if he continues to reproduce the form which he showed today, he should do reasonably well.

Following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES

C. J. Desai (Ismail 'A') beat N. S. Sathe (S.T.C. 'A') 15-9, 15-10; S. N. Kumta (G.S.M. 'B') w.o. Veterinary 'B'; O. Alves (St. X. 'A') beat V N. Sayata (Wilson 'A'), 15-2, 15-12; P.B. Shashital (St. X. 'B') beat D.N. Dhongade (E.C. and R.I.S 'A'), 18-16, 15-3, V.R. Jamalabad (V.J.T.I. 'A') beat A. D. Kilpadikar (National 'A'), 15-1, 15-0 C.T. Shah (Jai Hind 'A') beat D. H. Varde (Siddarth 'B') 15-11, 15-12; M. K. Bhopardikar (Ruia 'A') beat D. Karai (Law 'B') 15-1, 15-1; S. G. Wagh (Podar 'B') beat M. K. Joshi (Khalsa 'B') 15-10, 15-10; L. D'Souza (G.M.C. 'A') beat M. V. Bhagat (Jai Hind 'B'), 15-11, 15-5; S. N. Iyer (V.J.T.I 'B') beat V.V. Nadkarni (National 'B') 15-2, 15-1; S. M. Master (Bhavan's 'A') beat V. M. Jain (Sydenham 'B') 15-12, 12-15, 15-3; R. P. Soonawalla (National Medical 'B') beat F. De'Silva (Siddarth 'A') 15-6, 8-15, 13-18.

NO PLAY AT ELPHINSTONE COURTS FOR TWO DAYS

All the matches in the Collegiate Badminton, that were to be played at Elphinstone College court today and tomorrow are postponed to Wednesday and Thursday respectively.

The matches at G.M.C. Court will be played according to schedule.

Pakistan Not To Take Part In Empire Games

LAHORE, August 7, (PTI-Reuter): The Council of the Pakistan Olympic Association at an emergent meeting held today decided not to participate in the Empire Games to be held in Auckland (New Zealand).

The Council also rejected an invitation from India to become a member of the Asiatic Games Federation.

S. I. R. Enter Semi-Final Of Madras Hockey

MADRAS, Aug. 7, (PTI): The South Indian Railways, the Inter-Railway champions, entered the semi-final of the Madras Cricket Club Hockey Tournament here today defeating Spencers Sports Club by three goals to two in the quarter final. Ramsbotham (1) and Carr (2) scored for the Railways, while Marian and Siluvan scored one goal each for the Spencers.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage:

3-30 p.m. Rainbow vs. T.W.U.F.C. (Practice).

4-30 p.m. Vijay F.C. vs. Young India Footballers.

5-30 p.m. Tata F.C. vs. St. Francis Goans (First Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. St. Xavier's College "B" vs. Goans "B" (Second Division Harwood League).

5-35 p.m. B.B. and C.I. "B" vs. Globe S.C. (Final: Musrey Cup).

Cross Maidan

3-15 p.m. Young Aryans vs. Dreamland S.C. (Friendly).

4-15 p.m. Navelini vs. Benaulim Youths.

5-15 p.m. Colva S.C. vs. Arpora S.C. (Cortalim Cup).

BADMINTON

G. M. College Courts.

3 p.m. onwards Inter Collegiate Tourney.

TABLE TENNIS

St. Xavier's College Hall

3 p.m. onwards St. Xavier's Open Tournament.

Stop Press

VIET MINH OFFICES

PARIS, August 7, (PTI-Reuter):—The Indo-Chinese Nationalist (Viet Minh) offices in Paris have been closed down at the order of the Viet Minh Government because France persists in conducting a policy of colonial reconquest", it was announced here today.

GREEK REBELS WITHDRAW

LONDON, August 7, (PTI-Reuter): The rebel "Free Greek radio today reported that its forces have withdrawn in the Grammos mountains area, near the Albanian border, to newly prepared positions, in the face of the new Greek Nationalist offensive. East of Mount Grammos, the radio said, "enemy forces" were thrown back.

THEIR SECOND SUCCESS OF THE SEASON

The Two Indian internationals, Bala Ullal (left and D. G. Mugwe, who won the Suburban Badminton doubles title beating Homi Talyarkhan and Henry Ferreira in the final, They had beaten the same pair in the final of the two-day Badminton Tournament run on the American lines by the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana earlier.

GOLWALLAS LOSE SCRAPPY ENCOUNTER

But Junior String Claims Second Division

BOMBAY, Sunday.

WITH the Golwallas losing to the Young Swimmers Union by two goals to one, a unique position has been arrived at in the Dharampur Water Polo League. Each team has beaten one team twice, the Y.S.U. beat the Golwallas twice, the Golwallas beat the Maccabi twice, and the Maccabi the Y.S.U. the same number of times.

With the goal averages not to be taken into consideration for the final result the "A" Division tournament will be played on a knock out basis. The draws of this tournament have already been made and on next Sunday the Maccabi will meet the Y.S.U. at 11 a.m. The winners f this tie will play with the Golwallas on the succeeding Sunday.

Sundays match between the Golwalla and the Y.S.U. was a very scrappy affair and the Golwalla were unfortunate in losing the same. With glaring lapses on the part of the referee and the linesman, the Y.S.U. just managed to scrap through winners by the odd goal of three.

The Y.S.U. obtained their first goal through K. N. Shah in the 4th minute of play, who receiving a pass took a good hanging shot. The Y.S.U. maintained pressure and for a few minutes play was confined near the Golwalla goal mouth but without any result.

Then the game swerned over to the other end and Thanawalla receiving a pass from Bharucha feinting apass took a shot at goal which caught the goalkeeper unawares. At this stage half time was applied.

In the second half both sides missed some good scoring chances and play began to get rough. Then K. N. Shan took a beautiful corner shot to put his side into the lead.

As play began to get rough Thanawalla was ordered out of water for striking Bhatia of the opposing team a very bad show of spirit by a sportsman of the calibre of Thanawalla. Nnwalla took his place. Soon after this Jhabwalla was ordered off and A. Merchant substitited.

The Golwallas almost equalised in the last few minutes of play when a pass to Dick found the latter in the 4 metre area. **Dick came out of the 4 metre area and took a shot at goal which found the net. To the surprise of all, linesman Shroff signalled off side claiming that Dick was in the 4 metre area when he took the shot. This was a very doubtful and controversial decision of the lines man which the referee had to honour.** If this goal had been allowed then there would have been a different tale to tell. The end of time found the Y.S.U. lucky winners at 2 goal to one.

The teams were:

GOLWALLAS A. Desai, A. B. Bharucha, D. Daver, J. Jhabwalla, M. N. Dick, K. Thanawalla and S. N. Motivala.

Y.S.U. K. Ratansy, Chandnani, L. Bhatia, G. Ratansy, K. N. Shah, D. Morarji and R. P. Thakker.

The second Division League has been won by the Golwalla "B" team who had a somewhat tough time against the Young Swimmers Union "B". Jhabwalla the captain of the Golwalla "B" was not alloved to play since he had alrcady played twice in the "A" division. The winners goals were scored by Noble and Daruwalla who notched two and one respectively. The losers goals were scored by B. Chandnani.

41 NATIONS INVITED FOR ASIAN TENNIS

CALCUTTA, August 7, (PTI): The first Asiatic Tennis Championship, proposed to be held in India in the coming winter, promises to be a great success. So far invitations have been issued by the Secretary of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association to 41 nations, includnig all the Davis Cup nations of the world. Each nation has been asked to send a contingent of six players, four men and two women.

Though A.I.L.T.A. have not specifically mentioned the names of the players to be sent by any country, it is understood that they have signified their preference for the first four players on the ranking list of each nation. They have, it is learnt, definitely stated that no player not within the first ten in his country should be nominated by any nation.

The A.I.L.T.A., however, are faced with an organisational problem. They feel it may not be possible or advisable to accommodate both the Asian Championships and the National Championships in Calcutta where the tennis season is rather too short. They are, therefore, thinking of shifting the National Championship to some other centres in India. In this connection, the names of Lucknow, Allahabad and Delhi are being mentioned in the order of priority. Nothing, however, has yet been definitely known in this connection.

CLOSE OUT OF ENGLISH TEAM

Fourth And Last Test Against New Zealanders

LONDON, Aug. 7 (PTI-Reuter)—The Yorkshire all rounder, Brian Close, the youngest cricketer to appear for England when he played in the third test match against New Zealand at Manchester recently, has been omitted from the English team for the final test beginning at the Oval next Saturday.

England's team will be selected from the following twelve players:—

F. R. Brown of Nothamptonshire, (captain), W. J. Edrich of Middlesex, T.E. Bailey of Essex, R.T. Simpson of Nottinghamshire, L. Hutton of Yorkshire, D. Compton of Middlesex, C. Washbroow of Lancashire, T.G. Evans of Kent, D.V. Wright of Kent, A. V. Bedser of Surrey, J.C. Laker of Surrey and E. Hollies of Warwickshide.

Doug Wright and Alec Bedser at one time regarded as England's best bowlers, have been recalled for the fourth and final test. They replace Close and Leslie Jackson, of Derbyshire, from the twelve chosen for the third test at Manchester.

The final selection of the side will not be made until the morning of the match and it is likely that either Wright or Hollies will be omitted, for if they both play the attack would be unbalanced.

Brown, the Captain, Wright and Hollies all bowl leg breaks and it is extremely unlikely that an England team would take the field with three bowlers of this type.

With Laker, an off-Spinner, included, England's attack would possess pace from Bailey and Bedser, with help if necessary from Edrich, two leg-break bowlers, an off spinner and Compton's left arm slows, a much more satisfactory combination.

INDIAN FOOTBALL TEAM FOR KABUL

Eight Students Among Team Selected

CALCUTTA, August 7, (PTI): At the instance of the Government of India, the All-India Football Federation have decided to send a football team to Kabul to take part in the Independence celebrations in Afghanistan.

The team composed mainly of students, will assemble at Delhi on August 16 and will fly from Delhi on the 18th, returning to India on the 30th August.

The following have been selected to form the team:—

Goalkeepers—M. Sarkar (Bengal) and Sanjiva (Bombay). Standbye—Muniswamy (Madras).

Backs—Aziz (Hyderabad), Taj Mohammed (Bengal), Thangaswamy (Madras). Standbye—Havildar Ranbir Singh (Services.)

Half-backs—Latif (Bengal), Sanmogham (Mysore), S Roy (Bengal), Bashir (Mysore). Standbye—Dunn (Assam), and Abhoy Ghosh (Bengal).

Forwards—S. Ghosh (Bengal), Abid (Bengal), Mewalal (Bengal), Kanjilal (Bihar), Puran Bahadur (Services), and R. Guha Thakurtha (Bengal). Standbye—Chandola (Delhi) and A. Das Gupta (Bengal), and Moin (Hyderabad).

Captain—Abid (Bengal).

Eight of the selected players are students. They are:—Sarkar, Aziz, Thangaswamy, Latif, S. Roy, Abid Kankilal, R. Guha Thakurtha.

TRADES DROP THEIR SECOND POINT

Amateurs Share Goals In Senior Harwood League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

For the second time in the Senior Harwood Football League, Trades have been forced to share points. Bombay Amateurs drew with them sharing two goals.

Parab was once again back to support Trades in their attack after an absence of two games. Sanjiva and Bhoja the rival goalies credited themselves with admirable peroformance.

In the opening minutes Roy should have put Amateurs in the lead but Sanjiva saved narrowly. In the tenth minute Thomas opened Trades account with a beautiful shot past Bhoja in Amateurs goal. Maxie was responsible for the well directed centre pass.

Four minutes later Trades would have gone further ahead when Parab sent in a hard drive to the right hand corner of the net, but Bhoja brought off a splendid save during full length across goalmouth and punching the ball clear.

At the Trades end an indirect free kick was awarded against Sanjiva, Trades goalie for carrying the ball beyond the prescribed three paces without bouncing the ball Mandon kicked straight into a Trades defender in vain.

Trades had a chance of forging ahead again when Maxie raced down the left flank outstripped the rival defence and shot into goal beating Bhoja but the ball went wide of the post.

Kuppuswamy and Bhoja were concerned in a headlong collision in the Amateurs goal and both were carried off for medical attention, but they resumed soon afterwards.

Trades managed to survive a free kick awarded against them as Mandon who took the kick shot over the crossbar. Laxman failed to get the equalizer before the interval for the Amateurs as he had Sanjiva out of position but the ball sailed over the cross-bar.

Trades were having their say in the second half and Kuppuswamy very nearly got his sides second goal but the ball struck the upright and rebounded into play. The goalie was beaten and it was a defender who cleared from the goal line to save a critical situation.

Transferring play Amateurs obtained the equalizer late in the second period through Survana when he slammed the ball hard into the Trades goal when Woodcock and Sanjiwa tackled but they had no chance of saving.

The teams:

TRADES:—Sanjiva; Manuel, Woodcock; Narayan, Middlecoat, Govind; Bhimrao, Farab, Kuppuswamy, Thomas, M. Fernandes.

BOMBAY AMATEURS:—Bhoja; Mandon, Puthran, Bangera, Uchil, Aithappa; Laxman, Survana, Roy, Y. M. Mandon, Salian.

Referee :L. L. Panton.

TRAMWAY MEN BEAT COLLEGIANS

Indian Football League At Parel

BOMBAY, Sunday.

B.E.S.T. Sports Club secured an odd goal in three win over St. Xavier's College "A" in the Indian Football. Leagues played at the College Ground at Parel.

It was a lucky win for the tramwaymen in a very keen encounter on which depended championships honours. St. Xavier's College lost their hold on being the winners. It is a pity that this evenings game was marred by poor refereeing. The Collegians played much better and deserved to win but luck was against them.

B.E.S.T. opened their account from a somewhat disputed goal when Savant netted in the first period of play. In the second period of play the Tramwaymen again scored through B. Shivram, who netted off a penalty kick. The Collegians reduced the margin also from a penalty kick taken by Marcus D'Souza.

Cortalim Cup Football

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Three matches were decided in the Cortalim Cup Tournament at the Cross Maidan on Sunday evening.

In the first match, Candolim S. C. beat Margao S.C. by a solitary goal scored by J. Fernandes, with ideal ground conditions, the game reached great standard and Margao put up a great fight before they were beaten.

Nerul S.C. displayed an improved form today and kept Majorda S.C. on the defensive for most of the time, but failed to take advantage of several chances that came their way. In the last quarter however the whole aspect of the game changed, as Majorda made several brilliant moves, and scored twice through C. Godinho and Piedade. Nerul were however not disheartened, and retaliated by quick moves scoring once before call of time through Mendonca.

Chinchinim S.C. found little opposition in Candolim "B" whom they beat 5-0 in a game that was practically one sided. Leitao (2) and F. Furtado, Pinto and L. Pereira each scored for Chinchinim.

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, August 7, (PTI): The two matches played in the first division of the Calcutta Football League today resulted as follows:—

George Telegraph one, Rajasthan nil.

Calcutta Football Club three, Calcutta Garrison one.

Meera Gajendrashing & K.S. Cooper Beaten

ST. XAVIER'S TABLE TENNIS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A little upset was caused when S. B. Jog and P. Dhossar beat K. S. Cooper and Meera Gajendrasingh this evening at the St. Xaviers College Hall. The influencing factor in this match was that of Jog who with his brilliant hitting did not give K. S. Cooper any chance of retrieving. Of course Meera failed to give Khatoo Cooper adequate support. Surprisingly however the winners of this match lost to Sampat and A. Joosab. Mention here must be made of D. Sampat who dominated the play throughout.

In the Men's Singles third round S. K. Thakersey was extended by Guzder over three games.

In another encounter S. B. Jog beat P. K. Chaubal in a three-game encounter. There was little Chaubal could do against the attack of S. B Jog and in the last two games literally wilted under the latters hitting and scored only nine and eleven points respectively.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

FOURTH ROUND: D. P. Sampat beat M. N. Kumta, 21-12, 21-12; Ashok Amladi beat M. M. Samuel, 21-14, 18-21, 21-16; J. E. Dastur beat R. J. Dalal, 21-12, 21-10; K. Chandorkar beat S. V. Gaokar, 21-9, 21-16; B. P. Baliga beat V. B. Jog, 21-7, 21-12; A. H. Desai beat B. B. Palekar, 21-11, 18-21, 21-17; B. S. Cooper beat M. R. Choudhry, 21-10, 21-19; D. D. Walawalkar beat G. Reubens, 21-1, 18-21, 21-12; S. L. Shroff beat R. Edekar, 21-8, 19-21, 22-20; S. B. Jog beat P. K. Chaubal, 20-22, 21-9, 21-11; D. H. Varde beat R. S. Talati, 21-14, 21-12; V. Ranganath beat M. I. Parker, 16-21, 21-19, 21-10; V. D. Kalavar beat N. K. Bhaya, 21-15, 23-21; K. B. Nagarkatti beat J. Ezeikel, 21-15, 22-24, 21-17; R. N. Muthuswamy w.o. H. Seth; J. Ramkrishna beat K. S. Khot, 21-18, 21-19; B. A. Lalljee beat P. Abraham 21-16, 21-17; P. S. Sandawalia beat M. Shinde, 21-18, 21-11; D. M. Kamat beat D. N. Bhatkal , 21-18, 13-21, 21-17; A. I. Jacob beat R. Zaveri, 21-12, 21-18; P. Kumar beat R. Aderi, 22-20, 21-12; C. G. Velkar beat B. S. Suntoke 21-5, 21-15; N. N. Mulla beat S. Engineer, 21-12, 21-16; P. D. Hilloo beat R. Seth, 21-11, 21-11; S. K. Thackersey beat K. R. Pangri, 21-14, 21-12; R. D. Halady beat M. M. Dalvi, 19-21, 21-19, 21-17; D. M. Irani beat D. Banaji, 21-14, 21-16; Goriman beat N. Radhakrishna, 21-13, 15-21, 21-16; T. Amar beat N. B. Vakil, 21-19, 21-6; A. S. Amladi beat Y. M. Mahajan, 18-21, 21-16, 21-13; V. V. Prabhu beat J. Metha, 21-11, 21-18; U. S. Bangera beat S. M. Mechlai, 18-21, 21-18, 21-15.

MIXED DOUBLES

SECOND ROUND: Dady Kapadia and Gool Nasikwalla w.o. B. Mody and Frene Dhondy; D. P. Sampat and Amina Joosab, beat S. B. Jog and Prabbha Thoser, 15-21, 21-19; 21-16; Basha Lalljee and Suhasini Dharap beat J. Dubash and Gool Irani, 21-13, 21-11; H. M. Khanchand and Jaya Walawalkar beat A. Ratnagar and S. Cooper, 21-18, 21-18; G. K. Merchant and Mani Antia beat P. Pereira and T. DeLima, 21-11, 16-21, 21-17; J. S. Patkar and Mani Bharucha beat P. D. Hilloo and Piroja Tipnis, 22-20,, 21-7; Jacob Ezeikel and Maki Canteenwalla beat B. S. Batliwalla and Frene Palia, 21-19, 21-19; S. L. Shroff and Dhun Mistry beat N. M. Merchant and R. D'Mello, 21-9, 21-9; A. Remedios and R. Fernandes beat H. Amroliwalla and Dastur, 21-17, 16-21, 21-15; M. V. S. Vittal and Sunita Amladi beat R. Sethna and R. Kanga, 21-11, 21-12; Y. B. Palwankar and V. Abhyankar beat Sam Motiwalla and Sethna, 21-10, 21-10; Khurshed Kapadia and Banoo Cama beat R. N. Muthuswamy and Silloo Motiwalla, 21-10, 21-10; R. D. Halady and K. Bijor w.o. Adi Engineer and partner; Uttam Chandarana and Indu Desai w.o. R. Karani and D. Patel; V. V. Prabhu and Dhun Munshi w.o. K. Laxman and T. Pay; F. Dubash and Godafried Tarapore wo. D. Somaya and partner.

JUNIORS' SINGLES

SECOND ROUND: N. Shroff beat M. Cooper, 21-15, 21-19; S. Parekh beat M. Dubash, 21-9, 19-21, 21-10; I. Parekh beat S. V. Merchant, 21-18, S. K. Thackersey beat S. V. Nadkarni, 8-21, 21-11, 21-13; M. Lulla beat V. Parker, 21-9, 21-8; S. L. Bajaj beat J. Lobo, 21-11, 21-6; B. Bharucha beat B. Medhora 21-15, 18-21, 22-20; A. C. Parekkh beat S. V. Merchant, 21-18, 14-21, 21-17.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

3-00 p.m.—Quarter-finals of Juniors' Doubles.

3-30 p.m.—Third Round of Women's Singles.

4-15 p.m. Third Round of Mixed Doubles.

4-45 p.m.—Fifth Round of Men's Singles.

5-15 p.m.—First and second rounds of Men's Doubles of Upper half.

6-15 p.m. First and second rounds of Men's Doubles of Lower half.

7-45 p.m. First and second rounds of Consolation Singles.

VISITING BOXERS TO BE PROTECTED

Police Help Against U.S. Swindlers

(BY CORNELIUS RYAN)

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 (UPA)—Lew Burston, chief of Madison Square Garden's foreign department, may call upon the police to protect foreign boxers from smooth American swindlers.

Burston said: "It seems that every time we try to do business with a prominent foreign fighter we find that he has become so enmeshed with questionable Americans that we can hardly come to terms". Such complications are wholly unnecessary because a European, South American or Australian boxer does not have to work through an American representative to get Garden bookings—if he is good enough to deserve them."

Usually the swindler writes a letter to the rising foreign fighter after followng his career in foreign newspapers, and promises that the foreigner will be a major attraction in New wil be a major attraction in New York. The swindler usually offers transportation to America. In return, the fighter's manager agrees to gove the American a share of the earnings. Then the swindler gets some wealthy boxing fan to put up money for the foreigner's trip to the States. Sometimes the swindler keeps that money, sometimes he sens for the fifhter, The wealthy fan also is promised a share of the fighter's earnings. So when the fighter finally arrives, he is involved in contracts with his foreign manager, his American representative and his wealthy backer. And often the Garden unable to get satisfactory clearance.

"The fighter doesn't have to sign exclusively with the Garden to get bouts there" Burston said. "He can sign for each bout as it comes up. But it should be understood too that the foreign scrappers don't always move immediately into the Garden. Usually the swindlers give this impression. And usually the fighter blames the Garden as much as the swindler.

"Marcel Cerdan went straight into the Garden because his record shows he deserved it; Jean Walzack had to fight around the small clubs and prove himself; likewise Gino Buonvino."

Burston further stated that any foreign boxer would be wise to check with the Garden before signing any agreement with any American. The Garden will give him an honest answer conerning his chances of getting a Garden bout and no boxer will travel 3,000 miles to experience a sad disappointment.

R
TO CONSERVE RICE

CARDHOLDERS have been permitted by the Government of Bombay to exchange their rice ration for wheat i.e., if a cardholder wishes to exchange part or whole of his rice ration of 28 oz. available during the week with wheat he can do so and get an equivalent quantity of wheat in addition to the normal wheat ration of 48 oz.

R
ENTERTAINMENT ORDER

IN VIEW of the imperative necessity to conserve foodstuffs the Government of Bombay have decided not to relax the Orders placing restrictions on the entertainment of 25 or more persons on 15th August, 1949, in celebration of the Independence Day. These orders apply to the whole Province including the merged States.

R
LICENCES FOR RETAIL CLOTH DEALERS

THE GOVERNMENT of Bombay has already decided to give licences freely to retail cloth traders who will be allowed to buy cloth from the surplus stocks lying with Government's wholesalers in the Province. Some misunderstanding about the method of supply exists in the minds of retail dealers. Government wish to make it clear that special retail distributors who may apply for licences will be allowed to buy cloth according to their requirements from surplus stocks which will consist of all varieties available in the godowns of the district wholesalers. Special retail distributors who may, therefore wish to apply for licences may do so to their respective licensing authorities.

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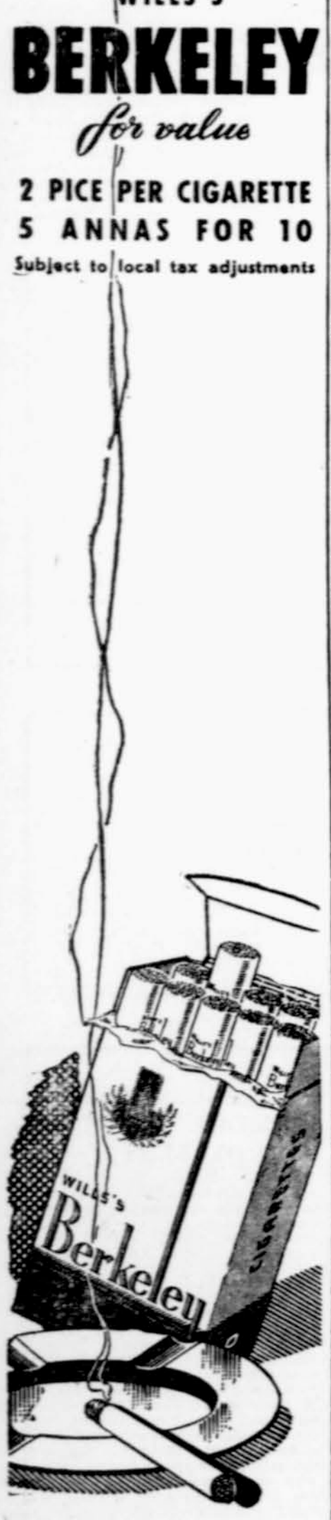

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Tiding Over India's Economic Malaise

MANUFACTURERS ORGANISATION'S PLEA FOR PLANNING

POONA, Aug. 7 (PTI.)

THE Central Committee of the All-India Manufacturers Organisation, meeting here today, advocated a planned economy for India to "tide over the economic malaise in the country."

The Committee urged upon the Government to take immediate positive steps to curb the incipient depression which, it said, had manifested itself. It recommended to Government to adopt the industrialisation scheme, formulated by the President of the Organisation, Sir M. Visvesvaraya, for a well-planned programme of economic development, particularly of industrial and agricultural expansion.

The Committee, in a resolution, viewed with concern the deteriorating economic situation in the country as reflected by "decreasing industrial and business investments, accumulation of stocks in a number of essential industries, growing unemployment, lower purchasing power, insufficient food supply, ever increasing adverse balance of payments and the high cost of living."

The present economic malaise, the Committee said, was largely due to the fact that the country's economy had been unplanned till now and the Government's policies in respect of taxation, agriculture, industry and labour had not been conducive to the growth of industrial and business activity in the country.

NEED FOR EXPORT DRIVE

Welcoming the appointment by the Government of India of a Committee to recommend ways and means of stimulating India's export trade, the Committee expressed its apprehension that, if concerted efforts were not made immediately to develop the export trade of the country and reduce imports to the minimum extent, justified by the industrial and economic requirements of the country, all the accumulated foreign assets of the country would be wiped out in the course of a few years, jeopardising the prospects of the country's industrial and economic progress.

There was enough scope, the Committee stated, for the expansion of the export trade, not only in the case of major industries but also in the case of a number of other industries where goods were either exported in an unorganised manner or not at all. With a view to helping the export drive, the Committee urged Indian industries to make special efforts to reduce their cost of production by all possible means.

The President of the Organisation, Sir M. Visrvesharya in his speech referred to what he termed as "some problems of national security" and particularuy the problems of excess population and insufficient food supply.

India's population, he said, was growing without a corresponding increase in her productive or earning power. He estimated the rate of growth of population in the Indian Union in the immediate future at about four million per annum.

POPULATION PLANNING

It was now coming to be recognised, he added, that population planning should go hand in hand with economic planning. Sir M. Visvesvaraya warned that if catastrophes of the 1943 Bengal famine type were to be prevented it was necessary to restrict the growth of population to a reasonable extent. He advocated birth control for that purpose and said Government should maintain or subsidise birth control clinics wherever it might be wanted or recommended by competent medical authorities.

He said that the increase in birth rate was usually associated with poverty, universal marriage and other traditional unhealthy customs, and added that where a country had industrialised its cities and towns its birth rate would be lower than in normal urban areas. Birth rate would also be automatically reduced wherever women were educated and employed. He stood for keeping the population in specified limits.

LOCALISE "GROW MORE FOOD" CAMPAIGN

As regards the "Grow More Food" campaign Sir M. Visvesvaraya said he was of the opinion that the present method of carrying it out by enthusiastic appeals to the self-interest of the rural population was neither sufficient nor effective. The test of successes, he said, should be by actual statistical measurement of extensions or productions of cultivated areas and this could be secured only by localising effort.

He advocated the appointment of development committees for village group units of 10,000 to 20,000 population which, he said, should be charged with maintaining two years' food supply for its unit.

ROLE OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE

Sir M. Visvesvaraya said that private enterprise had still an enormous role to play in the development of India, and that in an undeveloped country like India, big business should be strengthened, not weakened or destroyed. Before the last war, he added, in Japan taxes on agricultural income were two or three times higher than those on the same amount of income earned in industry or trade. That difference was directed quite consciously towards the development of Japanese industry and trade. He regretted that a reverse policy was followed in India, notwithstanding the fact that the country had not yet properly started on her industrial career.

He drew attention to three other "vital problems" which he said, were not receiving adequate attention. He described them as those of nation-building, national character and the necessity of sharing the knowledge of the defence of the country at least in a general way, by the Government with the country's leading patriotic citizens.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya said that systematic efforts should be made to build up a strong, united patriotic nation with its economic needs properly classified. He urged every average Indian to acquire a desire to work hard and equip himself with a knowledge of the value of discipline, courtesy and service.

WHOLESALE PRICES RISE

NEW DELHI, August 7, PTI):—Wholesale prices in India witnessed a rise of 0.3 per cent during the week ended July 16, 1949, says a press note issued by the Economic Adviser's office today.

The index which stood at 379-0 (base: year ended August 1939-100) was 0.3 per cent higher as compared with the corresponding week of last month, but 2.0 per cent less than that of a year ago.

"Foodstuffs" remained unaltered at 391-3 during the week under review, although gur registered an increase (4 p.c. and wheat showed a fall (-4 p.c.) dufing the period.

In the case "industrial raw materials", the prices of silk raw (-3 p.c.) and wool raw (-7 p.c.) declined, but the effect was more than offset by increases in cotton raw (1 p.c.) linseed (2 p.c.), rape seed and manganese ore (3 p.c. each) and lac (8 p.c.) Consequently, the group index advanced by 0.4 percent to 448.6.

"Semi-manufacturers" recorded a rise of 0.3 per cent to 326.7 and this was attributable mainly to increases in the prices of goat skins (6 p.c.), zinc (15 p.c.), copper (4 p.c.) and gingelly cake (3 p.c.).

"Manufacturers" rose by 0.5 per cent to 344.2 owing to increases in the prices of jute manufactures (2 p.c.) rayon and silk manufactures (3 p.c.) and glass (16 p.c.).

In the "miscellaneous" group, increases in the prices of spices and condiments (2 p.c.) and betel-nuts (1 p.c.) pushed up the group index by 0.6 percent to 536.8.

H.M.I.S. "Delhi" To Call At Vizagapatam

VIZAGAPATAM, Aug. 6, (PTI):—The flag ship of the Royal Indian Navy, the cruiser H.M.I.S. "Delhi", under the command of Commodore H. N. S. Brown will call at Vizagapatam between August 19 and 21.

She will be accompanied by the two frigates H.M.I.S. "Cauvery" and "Tir."

The cruiser which left Bombay on July 26 on a two months' cruise of Indian ports is also expected to visit Cochin, Trincomalee and Madras carrying out naval exercises.

The H.M.I.S. "Jumna" is also expected to arrive at Vizagapatam on August 14.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.

Chicago grains fluctuated irregularly with considerable evening up operations. Some buying was attracted in wheat and maize on predictions of high temperatures over the spring wheat and maize belts but demand in maize was tempered by reports of an easier cash market. Traders generally were awaiting further developments in connection with the proposed farm legislation which would extend the high wartime price supports on several basic crops for another year.

Education Ministers To Meet

MADRAS, August 7, (PTI): The Provincial Education Ministers' Conference, called by India's Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at New Delhi will it is learnt, consider the Government of India's policy in regard to the medium of instruction at all stages in schools and methods of its enforcement in classes. The conference will be held on August 19 and 20.

The problem of juvenile delinquents will also be on the agenda of the conference, it is further understood.

KULU-EAST PUNJAB AIR LINK

SIMLA, August 6, (PTI): The Joint Advisory Council for the East Punjab, Patiala and East Punjab States Union and Himachal Pradesh today discussed a proposal to operate an air service between Kulu and East Punjab plains for commercial traffic.

The Council, it is learnt, has asked the East Punjab Government to explore possibilities of providing an airstrip at Bhunter between Andi, a district headquarter in Himachal Pradesh and Kulu.

Rs. 9-Million Scheme Of Social Education

CENTRE'S ALLOTMENT TO PROVINCES: DETAILED PLANS INVITED

NEW DELHI, August 6 (PTI).

THE Government of India will distribute 9 million rupees among the Provinces for social education out of one crore set apart this year, it was learnt here today. The Provinces will get their share after the approval of provincial schemes of social education.

According to a decision arrived at the meeting in New Delhi recently of Officers in charge of social education of Provinces, Provincial Governments are to submit to the Central Ministry of Education detailed schemes of social education in their areas by the middle of August.

The Officers, who met under the presidentship of Dr. Tara Chand, Education Secretary, had decided to appoint a Committee of four to prepare a handbook for guidance of teachers and social workers engaged in social education. The handbook, which is expected to be ready by the middle of September, will include detailed syllabus of subjects, talking points on items included in the syllabus, sources of teaching material and general hints on the technique of teaching adults.

180-HOUR COURSE

The meeting also decided to prescribe a 180-hour (90 working days of 2 hours each) course of social education for adults and to fix the age group to be covered by the programme at 12 to 40 years. Each teacher was to teach 30 adult students and each centre to conduct three courses in a year. Workers were to be drawn from among primary and in some cases secondary school teachers and volunteers also to be utilised.

The meeting suggested that the Central Government should procure mechanical apparatus required for the centres in bulk to reduce the cost. In view of the heavy cost of apparatus, the meeting felt that only a few centres need be equipped with these to begin with.

The meeting was of the opinion that each province should have a Senior Officer in charge of social education attached to the Director of Public Instruction. It emphasised the desirability of producing suitable literature including bulletins and journals and suggested that Provinces should exchange such literature. The Government of India were asked to co-ordinate the work of production and distribution of charts and posters.

DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON

Government Measures To Relieve Congestion Of Cloth Stocks

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

The domestic consumption of Indian cotton is definitely on the down grade. The consumption during May amounted to 231,122 Bales as compared with 249,545 Bales in April, states weekly review of the Patel Cotton Co. Ltd. The report is as under;

FOREIGN MARKETS:—Cotton in New York seemed to be drifting idly, awaiting Washington developments The Bureau of Agriculturl Economics have announced the mid-July parity price for cotton as 30.26d. The drop of 12 points from the mid-June parity was rather unexpected. The USDA announced that the average loan rate for Middling 15|16th inch cotton will be 29.43 cents a pound, compared with 30.74 last year. The rate of Middling 7|2" Upland cotton works out at 27.23 on the basis of 90 per cent of the parity against last year's rate of 28.70 calculated on the basis of 92.5 per cent.

LOCAL MARKET

BOMBAY:—In Bombay, the only surviving delivery I.C.C. September stood unshaken, nominally quoted at the ceiling price of Rs. 620 but privately traded at Rs. 5 above it. The new crop month, which is not yet officially traded in, is quoted privately at around Rs. 587.

In the ready section at Sewri, a small business was done in Pima varieties at lower prices. Later on, the prices for these have firmed up. Stray lots of old Bengals changed hands and most of the stapled styles, keenly sought for, are difficult to secure.

The domestic consumption of Indian cotton is definitely on the down grade. The consumption during May amounted to 231,122 bales as compared with 249,545 in April and 281,278 bales for May 1948. How the consumption of the indigenous cotton has been consistenly declining since January last, in contrast to foreign growths can be seen from the following figures:—

Month	Indian Cotton	Pakistan Cotton	Other Foreign Growths
Jan.	276.018	29,074	53,721
Feb.	279,871	29,406	53,666
Mar.	252,921	34,931	60,115
April	249,545	38,804	64,895
May	231,122	36,084	66,816

The total consumption of Indian cotton for the first nine months of the season was 2,159,662 bales as against 1,967,874 bales for the corresponding period last season or 25 per cent higher than a year ago. If the consumption for the last quarter were to be maintained at the monthly rate of May, the total consumption will amount to somewhere around 3,153,000 bales as compared with 3,587,000 bales last season. The high hopes once entertained by the trade that this season's consumption would be 3,600,000 have definitely receded into the background and now range between 30 to 31-1|2 lacs.

STOCKS OF COTTON

Stocks of raw cotton as on 31st May with mills are shown below:—

	May 1949	May 1948
Indian	1,032,282	1,152,045
Pakistan	193,981	260,776
Egyptian	110,106	114,102
Other Foreign growths	104,040	108,785

The correct appraisal of the stock position can be made only after taking into account what remains in the hands of merchants and growers. Such season-end stocks, doubtless, must be depressingly low. As stated in our issue of 15th July, we estimate a figure of 300,000 bales.

ACCUMULATION OF CLOTH

A sizeable accumulation of cloth with mills is leading to curtailment and in some isolated cases stopage of mill activity. A Press-note, issued by the Ministry for Industry and Supply of the Government of India, says that special facilities have been given to mills for the disposal of their stocks, but that they have no intention of withdrawing the textile control. Imports of cloth and yarn will be restricted. Facilities have also been extended for the development of the export trade. The export duty on cloth has been abolished and maximum prices have been fixed for exports. There has been free licensing of cloth and yarn upto 20's counts for the purpose of exports. Imports of Indian cloth into Pakistan, under the recent trade agreement, have been placed on the Open General Licence. Thus, the Government of India expect that the demand for cloth and yarn will increase for internal consumption as well as for exports, and that these measures will relieve the present congestion of stocks.

How far these measures will bring about an expansion in production by stimulating exports and internal consumption remains to be seen. The hard reality is that while price levels and taxation are rising, the purchasing power of the masses—especially that of the middle class—is being drained to the dregs. Certain interests in Pakistan are agitating for the boycott of Indian cloth and yarn which, if it crystalises, might affect exports of cloth and yarn from India under the recent trade agreement. Our exports to other countries show a small improvement due to measures recently adopted. It is now fully realised that the days of easy money making are over, and so costs, prices and profit margins are again viewed as vital matters. There is a healthy tendency to seek for a stable relationship between them.

We have received the following telegram from Karachi dated 4th inst:—

"Continued rain in Sind may affect crop quantitatively but immediate break may minimise reduction. Declaration of free export for August|September has improved demand, though presently to small extent, and mostly against outstanding sales for which licences can be secured now due to free export. Expect demand to improve with fresh sales, especially to Far East. In new crop N.T. demand better with steady prices especially for October|November delivery. Bhavalpur December delivery sold at 69. Arrivals this week 2,000, Sales 4800, Export 14209 out of which 7222 Hongkong, balance Continent mostly Germany."

WEATHER AND CROP NEWS

The highlights of this week's weather news are complaints of widespread and unwanted rains in many sections of East Punjab and Oomras. The monsoon has been strong in Cutch, Saurashtra and Gujerat with very strong winds blowing on the west coast.

BENGALS: U. P. Cotton sowings are meagre except at Debai. East Punjab: Heavy rains but so far no damage. Crop condition in Abohar section is considered to be ideal. Rajputana: Clody with occasional showers. Crop making good progress.

BROACH| SURAT| DHOLLERAS:—Rains general throughout the area. Sowings completed. Germination satisfactory. Plants 2 to 2-1|2" high. Ample sunshine will benefit the young plants.

MATHIAS: Sufficient rain has fallen. Plants are healthy. Plants in Botad are 1-1|2 feet high. Break in rain needed for weeding and hoeing operations.

OOMRAS: The entire area has had slightly more than necessary rain. Crops are making good progress. Field work is going on smoothly. Everywhere a spell of bright weather is urgently essential.

COMPTA|DHARWAR: Cloudy slight drizzling; weather cool; immediate rain needed: Sowings of kapas will be taken up in September.

WESTERNS|NORTHERNS: Rains alternating with bright sunshine. Preparations preliminary to sowings of late crops are going on. Conditions of cotton plants in early sown fields is very satisfactory.

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U.P. NEWS LETTER

NO TRACE OF "GINGER GROUP" IN CONGRESS

Nehru's Visit To Lucknow Tells: Commoner Puzzled

(From Cur Correspondent)

THE purist group of 60 Congressmen who had set out to wipe out corruption in this Province has disappeared from the scene in peculiar circumstances. These 60 members of the Congress Party in the U. P. Legislature were known as the "ginger group". It was undoubtedly a serious affair and the first sign of a big crack in the citadel of the Pant Ministry.

The object of the group was laudable and it was not possible to assail it on the merits. It looks strange that this group should have faced the hostility of Premier Pant and the Prime Minister of India. But the move has floundered on the rock of party passions and jealousies. Obviously, the Congress Party in the legislature is divided and the group which holds power was in no mood to allow the rival group to strut about as defenders of purity and efficiency in the administration and score a point over the group in power.

S.O.S. To Nehru

The point that has to be noted in this affair is that the Prime Minister of India was summoned to save the Pant Ministry after the exhortations of Premier Pant to the dissidents not to embark on their "crusading mission" had failed. At the party meeting, he had made it clear that he did not like it and felt hurt. He had also emphasised the need of "unity". But, the "crusaders" remained adamant. But Pandit Nehru came, saw and conquered as usual. Mr. Triloki Singh, spokesman of the group said they had no intention to form a group against Pandit Nehru's wishes.

The new group has gone into liquidation but it has riveted public attention on the Government. The common man is not interested in "high politics". It is high time that the Government shed their complacency. "Bring specific cases, generality won't do", has been the Government's cry. But, when specific cases are brought, the Government go to sleep over it! The purist group, if allowed to function, would have brought hundreds of such cases to the Government's notice and what is more important, seen to it that the Government dealt with them in a proper manner.

Allegations Against Minister

At the meeting of the U.P. Congress Legislature Party held on July 15, Mr. Gopal Narain Saxena said that he had lodged a complaint with the Premier against a Minister, that he had made definite allegations in his written complaint and that he had documentary evidence to prove his case. Mr. Gopal Narain Saxena wanted to know why no action was taken against the Minister. The Premier's reply is not known. This is a case in which a Congress M.L.A. and a Minister is involved. Mr. Saxena can raise this question in the party meeting. But, even specific complaints against lesser officials like the Patwari or a Sub-Inspector of Police generally do not evoke any suitable action on the part of the Government.

Prizes For Ryots

The Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 61,500/- for the distribution of rewards for growing best crops. The competition will be organised Tehsil-wise by the District Development Associations and will be held mainly on Paddy in kharif and wheat in rabi. The competitor who obtains the highest yield per acre in his Tehsil, will be given a reward of Rs 100/-. The competitor who produces the highest yield in the district will get a prize of Rs. 1,000/-. The prize for the most successful candidate in the Province will be Rs. 10,000/-. The competition will be spread over three years.

The Government have been carrying on campaign against the Communists in an intensified manner. Two Ministers of the U.P. Cabinet and the General Secretary of the U.P. P. C. C. have addressed a crowded meeting at Lucknow and urged people "to declare a total war against the Communist Party in India if democracy is to be saved in the country" Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri, Police Minister, said, "Government, if it works unsatisfactorily, ought to be removed—but by democratic methods. The Communists not only wish to remove the present Government but destroy the State and the Nation and make it a vassal of the U.S.S.R. We have not won our independence to become slaves of Russia". The deplorable incidents at Calcutta and the attempt made even at Lucknow at the life of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the beloved of the nation, has aroused the conscience of the people. Every true Congressman is now becoming alive to his sense of duty and responsibility.

Sugar Stocks In Mills

Symptomatic of the general confusion in transport is the fact that large stocks of sugar have piled up in mills. It is stated that Rs. 1.5 crores are due to the kisans from the sugar mills. In the Meerut region, sugar factories owe approximately Rs. 45,000,000 to peasants for the cane supplied to them. The kisans have demanded interest on the amounts due. Part of the cess on sugar cane due to the Provincial Government still remains to be realized. Apart from transport difficulties, the high price of sugar has resulted in a fall consumption and the outlet for export has also been clogged. While foreign sugar is sold at Rs. 21 or Rs. 22 a maund, the wholesale price of Indian sugar is Rs. 28 a maund. Poor people have given up taking sugar. Banks are reluctant to advance money to mills. A remarkable feature of the situation is that the kisans cannot realise these huge arrears except by recourse to law courts.

Public Order Bill

The Socialists put up a stiff resistance to the U.P. Maintenance of Public Order (Amendment and Proceedings Validation) Bill in the Assembly. Although the Assembly has only a few Socialists, they manage to give a lot of trouble to the Government. The debate on the Bill was, however, not characterised by brilliance or skill. In fact, the Government benches have not provided many skilful parliamentarians.

Shri Roshan Zaman Khan, Socialist, presented the Socialist case with much zeal and ability. Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri, Police Minister, the manikin-dynamo of the Cabinet, came to the rescue of his "helpless flock" under Socialist fire.

It is reported that Shri Vashishta Narain Bhargava, Legal Remembrancer of the United Provinces, will be appointed as an additional judge of the High Court. Mr. Shiv Prasad Sinha, an ex-judge of the Allahabad High Court, who was dismissed as a result of the Federal Court removing him from the Bench, has filed an appeal to the Privy Council. It will be recalled that certain complaints were made against him by the Government.

WEST BENGAL ELECTIONS

Mahasabha To Contest

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7 (UPI)—The Council of the Bengal Hindu Mahasabha, has decided to contest the general elections in West Bengal, when held, on its new programme.

The Council of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha, at its annual general meeting Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri presiding, adopted a resolution demanding that 'in order to create the necesary psychological background for resuming the cultural continuity with our ancient past' the name India should be changed to 'Bharatbarsha'. The Council emphasised that the National Song of India should be 'Bande Mataram' and the National Language 'Sanskrit', English as the medium of instruction and administrative business being gradually eliminated in course of ten years.

The council welcomed the decision of the Congress Working Commitee to hold fresh general election in West Bengal and resolved to contest the election with its new programme.

A resolution demanded that the ban on the statement of Nathuram Gode before the sessions court should be removed.

Aurangabad Textile Mill Lolkout

AURANGABAD, Aug. 7. (UPI): On the decision of the Aurangabad Textile Mills workers to strike work the management of the mills has declared a lockout and characterised the strike illegal.

The Civil Administrator ordered the mill to be opened immediately, but the authorities declined.

The Labour Commissioner Mr. Latif Razvi is in Aurangabad and it is expected that his presence might help to ease the ense situation.

SANTA MONICA, (California), Aug. 6, (UPA): A blond curly-haired boy was born early today to screen star Esther Williams at a Santa Monica hospital.

Mr. A. S. Lal, Director-General of Shipping, declared open the new canteen for labourers opposite Alexandria Dock Red Gate, on Friday evening.

U. P. CULTIVATORS FACE EJECTMENT

No Legal Title To Lands

LUCKNOW, Aug. 7 (UPI)—About three and a half million cultivators of this Province are faced with ejectment from land they had been cultivating for years because they cannot establish their legal title, it is learnt here.

They are entered as holders of land without the consent of the zamindars or the tenant-in-chief in the papers of the Revenue Department While the Zamindari Abolition Bill makes provision for all classes of tenants it gives neither any protection nor security of tenure to these tenants because that would amount to recognising an illegal act—possession without the consent of the owner.

It transpired that the Government however do not want to deprive such a large number of people of their land and has, therefore, stayed their eectmjents and at the same time to give them an opportunity to prove that they had been continually in cultivating possession of the pieces of land, ordered revision of land records in some districts.

But it is apprehended that it would be difficult for them to avail of this opportunity for want of written proof and, therefore, the Government is confronted with the problem as to how to give them protection or to bestow what rights upon them after the abolition of zamindari in the Province.

INCREASED WORLD RICE PRODUCTION

India's Harvest Up By 11 Per Cent

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (PTI-Reuter)—The United States Department of Agriculture reported today that forld rice production this year increased four per cent over last year and was two per cent higher than the pre-war average.

In a summary of its 1948-49 rice production estimates, the Department said: "This marked gain in production was the result of increased acreages planted and exceptionally favourable weather in a large number of countries.

"The world rice acreage harvested was the largest on record."

The department estimated the harvest at 7,500,000,000 bushels compared with 7,200,000,000 last year and an average of 7,300,000,000 before the war.

Asian production approximated to pre-war output for the first time and Europe produced its largest crop since the war.

In India the rice harvest was estimated at 1,550,000,000 bushels, or 11 per cent more than pre-war average. Pakistan's harvest was up by three per cent.

NATIONAL LANGUAGE CONVENTION

Verdict Favours Hindi

NEW DELHI, Aug. 7, (UPI): Over hundred scholars from various parts of India representing 14 premier Indian languages, who participated in the two-day National Language Convention here, today gave their verdict in favour of Hindi in Devanagari to be the National Language of India.

By a unanimously carried resolution they demanded that Hindi with Devanagari as its character be adopted in the Constitution of India as the 'Rashtra Bhasha' (National Language) of the Union of India.

Mr. N. N. Godbole, a former professor of Benares University, presided.

'Ved Mandir', "Temple of Vedas," opened at Akhandanand Ashram at Ahmedabad. Religious ceremonies, funeral Sacrifices were performed in this temple. Ved Mandir is open for all Sampradis.

CONGRESSMEN DEMONSTRATE

Protest Against Partiality

VIJAYAWADA, Aug. 7. (PTI): About two thousand Congressmen from Guntur District marched to the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee office here this afternoon and staged a demonstration protesting against the selection of Congress candidates for the Guntur Municipal Council and District Board elections.

The demonstrators marched through the principal steets shouting slogans against the alleged partisanships and "anti-Congress" and "pro-Communist" attitude of A.P.C.C. in the selection of candidates.

Prof. N. G. Ranga President, A.P.C.C. came out from the office and assured the demonstrators that there would be fairplay in according Congress tickets to candidates.

It will be recalled that the President and Secretary, Guntur District Congress Committee, resigned their offices recently protesting against the procedure of the A.P.C.C. in forming the personnel of the Selection Board. Of five members forming the District Selection Board, two had resigned and the A.P.C.C. conducted the selection with the remaining three nominees only. This is stated to be the reason for the discontent which culminated in today's demonstrations.

Aid For Jap Children

LAKE SUCCESS, August 7, (PTI-Reuter): Japanese children will now receive aid from the United Nations international children emergency fund, as a result of an agreement between U.N.I.C.E.F. and the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, General Douglas MacArthur, it was announced.

Initial plans for this first U.N.I.C.E.F. operation in Japan call for 500,000 dollars to be used mainly for raw cotton and dried skim milk.

Some 250,000 Japanese children are expected to benefit from the milk which will be provided through a demonstration feeding project in model schools.

The raw material programme calls for processing cotton into childrens clothing in Japanese mills at the Government's expense.

The cotton is expected to produce 350,000 garments for distribution free of charge to the neediest children in the primary school level.

ALIVE TO MUSIC

SYDNEY—The Sydney Symphony Orchestra was "better than some English orchestras and on a par with the major ones of America and Britain", its conductor Eugene Goossens said before leaving for a tour of Britain.

Goossens added: "Having conducted 36 of the wowrld's main ochestras in Europe and America from time to time I am in a position to judge."

Goossens said he believed firmly that Australia had immense musical possibilities. "The public here is unique", he said. "I have never met people who needed music more or who loved it better when they gogt it. The audience is the most alive anywhere—even comparing it with its rican counterparts."

RED TERRORISTS IN MALAYA

KUALA LUMPUR, Aug. 7, (PTI-Reuter) Sir Alex Newboult, Chief Secretary of the Federation of Malaya, said here that a regrettable attitude of laissez faire towards the emergency was developing throughout Malaya.

"The idea seems to be growing that the war against banditry is one for the security forces only", he said.

"We cannot afford to regard the emergency as anything but our own individual problem".

Malayan Police Commissioner W. N. Gray said the Communist terrorists were running short of food, clothing and ammunition. He considered there was undoubted improvement in the situation.

Colonel Gray disclosed that a Scotland Yard expert recently visited the Federation and gave valuable advice on the reorganisation and development of the special branch of the criminal investigation department.

A former Pahang Labour Union President, Tan Kim, was shot dead yesterday by security forces.

MALAY GANGSTER KILLED

SINGAPORE, August 7, (PTI-Reuter):— An ordinary lead bullet—and not the silver one that he said would be necessary — today killed Wan Ali, notorious Malay gangster.

Wan Ali had taught his followers that he was a demi-god, called himself "king of the invulnerable cult', and said that he could be killed only by a silver bullet.

Rajaji's Call To Children

(Continued from page 1)

by Mr. K. M. Munshi, President of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, who said that the Institution was very fortunate to have been graced by the visit of His Excellency. He said that the Institution was started mainly with the object of imparting to students an education with the background of the hoary culture of India. He was glad that the Institution had shown steady progress and with the blessings of His Excellency, it would show even greater progress in future.

Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri also welcomed His Excellency and traced the growth of the Institution and paid tributes to the untiring efforts of Mr. Munshi in giving concrete shape to their ideas.

His Excellency was later profusely garlanded.

Earlier, the Governor-General inspected a guard of honour given by the National Cadet Corps and was taken round the camps and various buildings of the Institution by Mr. and Mrs. Munshi. He was introduced to members of the Managing Council and Trustees of the Institution.

A big crowd had gathered from Andheri station to the college building about two miles and gave a tumultous ovation to the Governor-General. The police had made perfect arrangements to maintain order.

Among those present on the occasion were Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Backward Classes, Sir H. V. Divatia, Mr. Nathalal Parekh, Mr. Bhavanji Arjun Khimji, and many prominent educationists and leading citizens.

ROUSING RECEPTION

A thundering ovation was accorded to India's Governor-General Sri C. Rajagopalachari, by a large crowd of Bombay's holiday-makers who had lined up outside the Bombay Central to see the head of the State, when he arrived in the City, this morning.

As the Frontier Mail which brought the Governor-General from the capital steamed in, a heavy shower greetted its arrival.

The Governor?General was received at the Station by the Governor of Bombay, Raja Sir Maharaj Singh and Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay.

Among others present on the platform to receive the Governor-General were Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, Mr. Joachim Alva, Sheriff of Bombay, Ministers of the Bombay Government, Major-General D. S. Brar, Area Commander, Bombay Area, Commodore H. R. Inigo Jones and Mr. K. M. Munshi.

R.I.N. PRESENTS GUARD OF HONOUR

The GovernorGeneral was given a guard of honour by a detachment of the Royal Indian Navy. After a few minutes' chat with those present Mr. Rajagopalachari drove to the Government House.

The Governor-General has a busy programme during his three-day stay in the city.

This is Mr. Rajagopalachari's second visit to Bombay since he assumed office, the first being in January this year when he was given a civic address by the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

ELECTIONS SOON IN HYDERABAD

Socialist Party Demand

HYDERABAD Aug. 7 (PTI)—The second conference of the Hyderabad State Socialist Party today adopted a resolution opposing the calling of a Constituent Assembly for Hyderabad, but, the resolution added, since the Government of India has decided to call it, the conference "is of the opinion that elections should be held without delay on the question whether there should be immediate merger of Hyderabad with the Indian Union."

By a second resolution the conference denied the claim of the Hyderabad State Congress to be the representative of the people. The conference expressed the opinion that "pending the decision of the Constituent Assembly on the question of disintegration of the State, no interim Ministry should be formed.".

The disintegration of the State was the only remedy to eliminate "this geographical unnaturalness of Hyderabad State and the early ending of the military government", the resolution added.

Calling All Women

TASTY DISHES FROM GROUNDNUT

"WASTE not, want not" says age-old wisdom, and India hungering for food must make the most of what is available. Here are some recipes, involving groundnut cake flour (very good for one's health) to add variety to the daily food:

1. PAKORAS

Ingredients

Basen (Gram Flour) 7 tea spoons
Groundnut cake flour 3 tea spoons
Onion 1 medium size
Green chillies 2 to 3
Green dhania (coriander leaves) a little
Red chilli powder 1/4 tea spoon
Zeera 1/2 tea spoon
Salt to taste
Ghee 1 tea spoon for batter
Soda bicarb 1/4 tea spoon
Ghee to fry

METHOD: Sieve the mixture of flours. Cut green chillies and onions, and add all the masalas, ghee and soda bicarb to the flour, mix it with water and make a thick, smooth batter and leave it aside for 20 minutes. Heat ghee and drop the batter in small lumps in the hot ghee with a spoon and fry them to light brown. Remove from ghee and serve hot for tea.

2. DOSA

Ingredients

Urad dal 1/2 cup
Rice 1/2 cup
Groundnut cake flour 1/2 cup
Salt to taste
Water to mix

METHOD: Clean and soak dal and rice separately. Wash well and grind them fine separately. Add salt and a little water and mix well into a thin batter. Leave overnight for fermenting. In the morning beat the batter well and prepare dosas on a dosa tawa. Serve with chutney.

3. CHUTNEY

Ingredients

Basen 6 tea spoons
Groundnut cake flour 4 tea spoons
Salt to taste
Tamarind 1/2 the size of a lemon
Green chillies 3 to 4
Whole Dhania (coriander seeds) 1 tea spoon
Zeera 1/2 tea spoon

For Bhagar

Red whole chilli 1
Mustard 1/4 tea spoon
Zeera 1/4 tea spoon
Urad dal 1 tea spoon
Whole dhania 1/2 tea spoon
Curry leaves

METHOD: Sieve groundnut cake flour and basen; grind green chillies, dhania and zeera; wash and soak tamarind, extract the juice and mix it with the flours and the ground masala into a thin paste. Add a little gur if desired and then give bhagar, i.e. heat 1 teaspoon ghee, fry the urad dal to brown; add red chilli pieces, zeera, mustard, dhania and curry leaves; when brown add it to the chutney. This chutney can be served with the dosa.

4. TOFFEE

Ingredients

Milk powder 5 table spoons
Groundnut cake flour 5 tables spoon
Sugar 8 table spoons
Butter 6 table spoons

METHOD: Roast the groundnut cake flour and mix in it all the ingredients and cook till it leaves the side of the degchi, stirring it the whole time, so that it may not burn. Grease a plate and set the toffee in it. When set, cut into shapes.

"POLITICAL BLACKMAIL"

Soviet Protest In U.N.E.S.C.

GENEVA, August 5 (PTI-Reuter): M. Amazask Arutiunian, Economic Chief of the Soviet Foreign Office, today lodged a formal protest against the "lack of impartiality" shown by Mr. James Thorn, New Zealand, President of the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

After Mr. Thorn had reproved him for referring to British "slanders and lies", the Soviet delegate said the President's handling of the session was practically "political blackmail".

The delegates repected, by 14 votes to three, with one abstention, a Soviet resolution calling for a comprehensive commission of trade unionists to investigate forced labour on a worldwide scale.

The Council postponed until its next session, action on the proposal to set up an enquiry commission on forced labour.

A WORD OF CHEER FOR NURSES

Major-General A. N. Sharma, Director of Medical Services, Army Headquarters, talking to Nursing Officers and Cadets during his recent visit to Poona.

NEWS BRIEFS

(Compiled from P.T.I., U.P.A. and U.P.I. despatches).

SANGH ARRESTS

Three R.S.S. workers were arrested by the Surat police on August 6 on the charge of contravening the Government ban on parades and similar demonstrations.

STRIKE THREAT

Pakistan Government clerks are reported to have threatened to go on strike on August 19 if their demands for more pay and recognition of their association are not accepted.

REOPENING NEGOTIATIONS

The Central Council of the Australian Miners Federation decided on August 7 to seek authorisation from striking coalminers to reopen negotiations with all parties in the six weeks old stoppage. The question will be put to mass meetings of New South Wales miners on August 9 and 10.

KERALA ORDINANCE

The Rajpramukh of the United Kerala State has promulgated an ordinance to punish Government officers, members of the Legislatures, municipal councillors, members of the executives of co-operative societies, members of village unions and other self-governing bodies and committees appointed by the Government for bribery, misappropriation of funds and simflar offences.

INDIAN PAINTINGS

A collection of 160 contemporary Indian paintings has been sent to Kabul for an exhibition to be opened there on August 15.

WRONG DONE SHOULD BE RIGHTED

(Continued from page 4)

the Bombay Cabinet and charges the Bombay Government for ignoring the claims of Karnatak. The paper publishes a chargesheet against the Government in support of its contention that Karnatak had been receiving step-motherly treatment at the hands of the Kher Ministry. The chargesheet includes among other things: (1) electing a non-Kannadiga to the Constituent Assembly in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Mane, a Kannadiga, (2) Bombay Karnatak has still not been getting electricity from Jog; (3) Neersagar Scheme which would supply the cities of Dharwar and Hubli with drinking water has not progressed much, (4) the only representative in the Bombay Cabinet, Mr. M. P. Patil, has been allotted an unimportant portfolio. Concluding, the paper threatens that if Bombay Government persisted in continuing its policy of neglecting the interests of Karnatak, the people of Bombay Karnatak might think in terms of withdrawing its present representative from the Bombay Cabinet.

But "Samyukta Karnatak", the leading Kannada daily founded by the Hon. Mr. R. R Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, holds a different view. It strong disapproves the tone of the telegram sent by some Karnatak M.L.A.s and of the editorial note of 'Navayuga.' The paper says that Kannadigas could not stoop so low as to threaten the Government for mere one or two seats in the Cabinet. Surely the appointment of more Kannada ministers would not put an end to the difficulties experienced by Kannada-speaking public, whose salvation lay in the industrial social and educational emancipation of Karnatak.

KARNATAK UNIFICATION

Efforts are still being made to see that Karnatak province is enumerated in the new Constitution. Messrs. S Nijalingappa, a member of the Congress High Command and President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, B. N. Datar and Jinaraja Hegde (President of the Karnatak Unification League) are now in New Delhi contacting the members of the Congress Working Committee, Central Ministers and the Governor-General. They have already put their case strongly before the Congress President and Secretary. They had also a talk with Mr. K. C. Reddi, Chief Minister, Mysore on this issue.

According to reports reaching Hubli the opinion of Constitutional experts is being sought as to whether provision could be made in the Constitutional Act whereunder machinery for immediate formation of new provinces could be set up.

Education Ministers To Confer

MADRAS, August 7, (UPI): A conference of Provincial Education Ministers has been convened by the Ministry of Education, Government of India, at New Delhi on August 19 and 20.

The conference will consider 'inter-alia' the policy regarding medium of instruction at all school stages and how to enforce it.

The problems relating to juvenile delinquency will also come up for consideration at the conference.

Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Education Minister, Madras will represent the Province at the conference.

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BRITISH RETORT TO CHINESE REDS

Troops Stream In For Hong Kong's Defence

SINGAPORE August 7, (PTI): As half a million Communist troops sweep across South China Britain is assembling security forces which if not equal in number to Chinese Red Army, consists of three powerful combined services—her navy, army and air force.

The British-owned "Sunday Times" Singapore, today published an exhaustive report from a P.T.I. special correspondent on the latest situation.

"The arrival in Singapore this morning of the 27,000-tonner troopship "Georgic" on way to Hong Kong is one of the latest British retorts to the red advance. "The Georgic" has on board 2,200 men and equipment of the Third Royal Marine Cammando who were among Britain's toughest sea and land soldiers of the World War II.

CRACK UNITS

Citing figures, the correspondent says in Malaya alone the security forces total more than 70,000 men including Scots Coldstream Guards, Koylis Hussars, Gurkhas and Malay Regiment. In Hong Kong, the originally scheduled 12,000 troops for the Colony's defence will have leapt far beyond 25,000 by the end of this month.

Troopships have been arriving regularly with contingents from crack regiments. The British Far-East fleet by the end of this month will have a complement of ships, guns, men, almost equal in strength to the fleet which went to the liberation of Hong Kong in August 1945.

The correspondent concludes: The statement made by the Commissioner-General Mr. Malcolm MacDonald that Singapore—should need arise—would act as a base for Hong Kong is being made "in actuality."

RED DRIVE ON HENGYANG

CANTON: Communist troops driving southwards after the fall of Changsha, Provincial capital of Hunan, are believed to be massing for Hengyang, important railway city 300 miles north of here, according to Chinese reports today.

Nationalists in this area, disorganised after Changsha's fall, are in no position to stem the Communist advance, the reports added.

General Hwang Chieh, newly appointed Governor of Hunan left here today to take up his post at the new Provincial capital, Chinkiang, 230 miles east of Changsha.

Nationalist documents and other property were being taken from Canton to Chungking by every available plane this weekend, according to Chinese reports reaching Hong Kong. Local quarters though this was part of the Government's preparations to evacuate Canton if it becomes untenable.

An official spokesman said no preparations were being made for the evacuation of Government personnel.

About 30 shots believed to be from a Bren gun, were fired at the British river steamer Wu Sueh about two hours after she left Canton for Hong Kong last night. The attack occurred about midnight and was presumably made by Chinese bandits who have long infested this area. No one was injured and no damage caused.

CHINHAE, (South Korea): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek and President Syngman Rhee of Korea stated this morning that they would issue tomorrow morning a joint proclamation on the result of their talks on an anti-Communist Pacific Pact. The Generalissimo would then depart by air for an undisclosed destination.

BULGARIAN CABINET SHUFFLE

SOFIA, August 7, (UPA): The Bulgarian Cabinet was shaken up yesterday Premier Vasil Kolarov and his three deputies were relieved some of their duties and Communist Finance Minister Ivan Stefanov resigned.

The Government Press Department announced that Kolarov retained the Premiership but that he had been replaced as Foreign Minister by Vladimir Poptomov, a member of the Politburo, General Secretary of the Fatherland Front National Council and Chief Editor of the Communist Part Organ.

"INDIRA" IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, August (PTI).—Fifteen-year-old cow elephant 'Indira' Prime Minister Nehru's gift to the children of Japan, arrived here on Aug. 4 from Shimoga (Mysore) on way to Tokyo. "Indira" travelled in an open wagon and tonight will be walked to Belgachia Veterinary College, a distance of six miles, where she will stay as the "guest" of the Government of West Bengal.

On August 15, the S. S. "Enchomaru", is expected in Calcutta, to take her to Tokyo.

"Indira", was accompanied from Shimoga by Dr. C. V. Raghavendra Rao, Veterinary Inspector in charge of elephants at Shimoga, and two mahuts.

The wagon in which she travelled was detached at Howrah station. After being sprayed by a hose pipe "Indira" was freed of her chains and allowed to graze in the adjoining yard.

Dr. Rao told "P.T.I." she withstood the journey marvelously although she showed some signs of exhaustion due to sleepless nights. It was her first journey since her capture in 1947.

TEXTILE IMPORTS FROM INDIA

Pakistan Traders To Wait On Minister

KARACHI, August 7, (PTI-Reuter): The "Action Committee" of the Pakistan Textile Importers and Wholesale Cloth Merchants Association, which recently decided to boycott Indian textiles, will shortly wait in deputation on the Minister for Industry to appraise him of the latest position, it was learnt today.

The Committee is due to consider at its next meeting the action to be taken against those violating the Association's resolution.

BRITAIN PAYS—AND GETS ABUSED!

LONDON, Aug. 7 (UPA)—The old established Tory weekly 'Truth' today charged that British taxpayers are being made to pay for the anti-British propaganda distributed by India House.

'Truth' referred to the daily information sheet 'Indiagram' mailed from the office of the Indian High Commissioner in London. The paper said that the envelopes are marked "On His Majesty's Service" and "On India Government Service" and are franked 'Official paid.'

'Who pays?' Truth asked. It said "It would appear that the British taxpayer is granted the great privilege of paying for the great outpourings of Indian propaganda much of which is directed against this country. It is to be hoped this is not so but that the Indian Government is paying for the lavish use it makes of British postal services."

Greek Forces Streaming To Wipe Out Guerillas

ATHENS August 6, (UPA): The Greek General Staff announced tonight that Army reinforcements were streaming northward to help Greek troops to wipe out the Communist guerillas in the Grammos Mountains near the Albanian border.

The announcement characterized the current fighting as a "new phase" of the 1949 offensive aimed against some 5,000 guerillas in a 250-square-mile triangle. It admitted the guerillas were putting up stiff resistance, but said that in the past three weeks 453 were killed and 793 captured.

GOVERNOR VISITS SCHOOL

Raja Maharaj Singh visited Queen Mary's Technical School, Poona, while he was in that city recently.

SHOEBULLA MURDER CASE

LONDON BARRISTERS' PLEA REJECTED

Enough Local Advocates Available, Says Tribunal

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 7 (UPI).—The Special Tribunal met this morning and rejected the application of Messrs. D. Roberts and J. E. Leck, London Barristers, praying for permission of the court to appear for Syed Kasim Razvi accused number One in the Shoebulla Murder Case as defence counsel

ENOUGH ADVOCATES AVAILABLE

In the course of the order rejecting the petition, the Chairman of the Tribunal, Mr. J. A. Pinto, said 'inter alia that the Tribunal was of the opinion that the petition of Mr. Roberts and Mr. Leck for enrolment having been refused by the Hyderabad High Court and there being a large number of advocates in and around this Court available to the accused for legal assistance and one such advocate having been actually engaged and is appearing for Kasim Razvi in this court, the Tribunal saw no reason for granting the petition.

Mr. G. D. Roberts, K. C. arguing the application for himself and Mr. Leck, pleaded for permission of the tribunal to appear for Syed Kasim Razvi under Section 3, sub-sections of the Hyderabad Criminal Procedure Code corresponding to Sections 4-R of the Indian Penal Code of 1898. This Section defined, he pointed out, a pleader as including any other person appointed with the permission of the court to act on behalf of an accused person. They were asking the Tribunal's permission, he went on, to appoint them on behalf of Syed Kasim Razvi in the circumstances set out in their application, namely that they had been instructed by Begum Razvi, his wife.

He then made it clear that by that he was in no way suggesting anything against the present counsel of Syed Kasim Razvi, namely, Nawab Askar Yar Jung, whom they considered a perfectly competent pleader who would certainly defend the accused adequately. Neither he was trying to convey that they would defend the accused in a better and more advantageous manner than the Nawab Sahib.

Nevertheless, he added, it would be an advantage to the accused to have their assistance as they had come here all the way from London. He was confident that this assistance would be welcomed by Nawab Askar Yar Jung with whom they had already been working in harmony.

URDU QUESTION

Continuing, Mr. Roberts pleaded that they saw no legal reason why the Tribunal should refuse them permission. It was entirely in their discretion to grant them permission inspite of their petition for enrolment having been refused by the Hyderabad High Court. That was rejected. he pointed out, solely on the ground of their ignorance of Urdu.

He had no mind to challenge that decision of the High Court but he would submit that the knowledge of Urdu was immaterial in so far as the Tribunal was concerned, as English was its settled language, he pleaded. He then referred to the fact that the Chairman of the Tribunal, neither the Government Prosecutor were conversant with the knowledge of Urdu..

Boiling down his arguments, Mr. Roberts further submitted that any person who could receive permission from court to defend an accussed did merely include a person entitled to practise. Quoting from All-India Reporter, page 212, he said that in Bombay, a court allotted, a police inspector for defence of an accused person who was not qualified in any way to practise. "We are lawyers; we are barristers. We are entitled to practise in our own country and in the Commonwealth. Will it not sound strange if we are refused, when a court grants permission to an unqualified inspector of police." he concluded.

Interviewed after the passing of the order by the Special Tribunal, Mr. Roberts said: "There is nothing further that we can do." Asked about their future plans, he said they had to think them out.

1 SHOT DEAD: 2 INJURED

Red Attack On Hyderabad Army Sepoys

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 7 (UPI).—A band of armed Communists attacked Hyderabad Army personnel patrolling at Kesamudram, Warangal District. Fire was exchanged both sides with the result a sepoy of the State Army was shot dead and two other sepoys received serious bullet injuries.

It is reported that the Communists, in a surprise hiding in the dense jungle, muzzled shots at the sepoys.

INDIA GAVE THEM THEIR RELIGION

Mahabodhi Reception To Dalai Lama's Brother

NEW DELHI, August 6, (API): Se Dusho Gala Thondup, the brother of the Dalai Lama, said here today that the people of Tibet and the Dalai Lama had a great admiration for India which had given them their religion—Buddhism.

Se Kusho, who was speaking at a reception given to him and his wife by the Mahabodhi Society of India and the Indian Buddhists Association, New Delhi, expressed the hope that Buddhism in India would receive an impetus as a result of the relationship between India and Tibet.

In an address presented to Se Kusho and his wife the Mahabodhi Society conveyed to the people of Tibet and especially the Dalai Lama "love and goodwill" and said, "beneath all the turmoils of selfish pursuits and worldly pleasures, the basic cultural and religious affinity between the two countries would remain unshaken for ever."

Our Mahakosal Newsletter

BELATED RAINS IN SAUGOR AND JUBBULPORE

Paddy Crop In Grave Danger

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail).

THE pady crop in the Jubbulpore and the Saugor districts has been affected adverrsely on account of the belated outbreak of the monsoon and a continued draught. The rains, which these two districts have been receiving for the last three weeks, are poor and irregular and inadequate to help the growth of the paddy which yields the finer variety of rice.

The plateau in the Jubbulpore and the Saugor districts is famous for growing the fine variety of rice, but this year, dearth of rains has given a serious and severe set-back to the cultivation of the paddy in the plateau areas.

One thousand nine hundred and seventy-three maunds of improved paddy seeds were distributed by the Provincial Government during the week ending July 16 to intensify food production. Taccavi loans in cash worth Rs 9,200 have been disbursed to cultivators for the purchase of kharif potato seed About 30,223 tons of oil cakes were procured and 22,903 tons were transported as manure to the distribution centres.

Eight hundred and sixty-four tons of ammonium sulphate, 121 tons of ammonium phosphate and 194 tons of phosphatic fertilizers have been distributed to cultivators for manuring paddy and wheat crops. The Provincial Government have so far procured for distribution 4,813 tons, 629 tons and 1,180 tons of ammonium sulphate; ammonium phosphate and phosphatic fertilizers respectively.

COMPOST MANUFACTURE

Training of the field and departmental staff of 19 districts in the technique of camposting village refuse into manure has been completed, and the selection of villages for concentrating this work is in hand. Under the scheme for town refuse compost scheme 12,159 tons of compost manure is reported to have been distributed since April 1 till the end of June 1949

The rice area under the irrigation in C. P. and Berar increased to 755,372 acres during the year. This is a record in the history of irrigation in the Province. The construction of Murram Nalla tank has brought 5,200 acres under irrigation, while the construction of the Chichbund and the Aree projects, designed to irrigate an area of 5,000 and 10,000 acres, respectively is in progress. The gross revenue from irrigation increased from Rs. 15,66 lakhs to Rs. 16 11 lakhs and the working expenses from Rs. 10.02 lakhs to Rs. 11.18 lakhs, according to the Administration Report of the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department, C. P. and Berar, for the year ending the 31st March 1948.

HINDI WEEK

Under the auspices of the Akhil Bharatiya Vidyarthi Parishad Jubbulpore Branch the students of Jubbulpore observed the Hindi Week from July 24 to July 31. They took out a procession on the last day which passed through the main parts of the city, shouting slogans, "Hindi should be the 'lingua franca' and Nagri the script of the Country", They also demanded that India should be renamed 'Bharatvarsha".

The students, later on, held a public meeting in the Maharashtra High School building to appeal to the public to support their demand for the adoption of Hindi as the 'lingua franca' and Nagri the script of the Bharatvarsha, and "Vande Mataram" as the National Song.

The demand of the students who had been anxious to secure their admissions to the 1st and 3rd year Science courses in Government Colleges teaching science subjects has been met partly by the Provincial Government who have sanctioned this year the opening of additional sections in the Robertson College, Jubbulpore, the King Edward College, Amraoti, the Science College, Raipur and the College of Science, Nagpur, to accommodate 152 and 80 additional students in the 1st and 3rd year classes respectively.

A ROTARIAN BACK

Shri Lakhmidas Rattansey Palan a member of the Jubbulpore Rotary Club, who had been to New York to attend the session of the International Rotary Organisation, in the capacity of a Rotary Representative from India, has returned. Shri Palan also visited Cairo, Italy, France Switzerland, England and Indo-China.

He, on being interviewed, narrated the interesting experiences of his tour, and pointed out that owing to his being a vegetarian he could not get food of his choice which resulted in the loss of 40 pounds in his weight

Shri Palan said that Indians are treated with respect and equality both in England and the Continent and in the U. S. A., and that the people are anxious to know more about the land of Mahatma Gandhi Shri Palan hinted that the people in America do not believe that India is as poor as it is painted by the speakers and newspapers.

They say that many visitors come to America every year which would not be possible if India were poor. Shri Palan suggested that efforts should be made both by the Government and the industrialists to encourage tourists from abroad to visit India as it would help the Country to increase its revenues and industries.

FAST FOR MAIDAN

Shri Shivanand, a Law student and a member of the Vindya Provincial Congress Committee, has undertaken a fast unto death since July 30 at Satna. Shri Shivanand wants that the piece of land which has been lying vacant in the vicinity of the Post Office at Satna should be handed over to the public by the Vindya Union Government and be named as the Subhas Maidan.

The Government, in view of their own administrative difficulties, could not so far concede to Shri Shivanand's demand and this has resulted in the latter's going on a fast unto death. A public meeting was held and addressed on July 31 at Satna by Shri Suresh Chandra Jain to support the cause espoused by Shivanand and urge the Government to support the cause espoused by Shri expediting the decision in the matter.

An undeveloped child was taken out from the abdomen of a 7-year-old girl of Kotah when she was operated upon by a doctor in the hospital. The girl had been ailing from stomach trouble for some time past. It was suspected that she was suffering from tumour but when the abdomen was opened, the child came out.

INDIAN LACE GOODS FOR U.K.

BOMBAY, Friday (UPI). — The United Kingdom Board of Trade has agreed to allow the import of £10,000 worth of Indian hand-made lace goods from India in the year 1949. It is understood that import licences will be granted to registered importers of lace goods.

Exporters in India have been advised to contact importers in the U.K. direct, or address the Indian Government Trade Commissioner in London for further information or assistance in this matter.

Nikhilananda Returns To New York

NEW YORK, August 7, (UPA): Swami Nikhilananda of the Ramakrishna Vivekananda Cenre of New York returned yesterday from the six weeks' East-West Political Conference held at Honolulu.

He described the meeting, at which India was represented by six delegates as "very successful" and said that their description of Indian philosophy was well received by the Conference.

Dr. J. Singh, Director of Malaria Institute, left for Geneva to attend the meeting of Malaria experts.

Tito's Call To Countryside

FIGHT AGAINST CLASS ENEMY

BELGRADE, August 6 (UPA):—Marshal Tito, in the third speech in three days at Skoplje, said the fight against the class enemy in the countryside is still "difficult" but the enemy would be ruthlessly eliminated.

Tito spoke to 230 representatives of the Peasant Working Co-operatives on Wednesday shortly after the speech to the army garrison but the text was not revealed until Friday night when he returned to Belgrade.

Tito said, "The class enemy in the countryside still exists and that's why the fight against the enemies of the co-operatives will still be a difficult one. You in the countryside, by yourselves, will square accounts with those who prevent you from constructing socialism."

ISSUE OF 4½ CRORE CAPITAL

NEW DELHI, August 7, (PTI):—The Government of India consented for the issue of Rs. 4,57,67,860 to 32 companies during the period from April 26 to May 26, 1949, under the Control of Capital Issues scheme, it is learnt.

Of the total amount approved Rs. 3,37,67,860 was in respect of further issues and Rs. 120,00,000, for initial issues.

The new issues included Rs. 20,00,000 and Rs. 25,00,000 respectively, to two firms for investment in building and immovable property, Rs. 40,00,000 for a sugar and allied industries mill, Rs. 10,00,000 for the manufacture of tanning extract, and Rs. 25,00,000 for acquiring and running certain existing concerns.

Working Class Cost Of Living Index

NEW DELHI, Aug. 6, (PTI): The Working Class cost of living index nuumber (base: 1944:: 100) during May 1949 moved up by 3 points to 160 due to a sharp rise in the miscellaneous group. The rising prices of milk, moong and urad dals were counterbalanced by the declining price of firewood.

In Jubbulpore, the index appreciated by 4 points to 154 on account of an increase in the prices of ghee and potatoes. There was a fall in the price of firewood in this place.

In Akola the index remained stationary at 167.

Expanded Metal Industry Inquiry

BOARD URGES IMPROVEMENT OF QUALITY: NO PROTECTION

IN its report on the expanded metal industry, the Indian Tariff Board has urged improvement of the indigenous product and investigation of the possibilities of export to foreign countries.

Although the quality of the indigenous expanded metal compares favourably with the imported product, it states: "There is scope for achieving a greater degree of uniformity in dimensions of meshes, elimination of uneven cutting and ensuring durability and resistance against rust." Non-ferrous expanded metal, such as aluminium, brass, copper was excluded from the scope of the inquiry.

The Tariff Board states that there is no serious threat to the industry from outside competition at present. Moreover, the prices of the imported product are higher than the fair selling prices of the indigenous articles. It is therefore of opinion that there is no case for levy of a protective duty or a total ban on imports.

However, if at any time in future the industry is threatened by foreign competition, it suggests that the matter should be referred for summary inquiry and report. The Government of India, as announced earlier, has accepted this recommendation.

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Other recommendations of the Board are:

1. The industry should seek the assistance of the Indian Standards Institution for evolving a suitable standard. It should also approach the National Metallurgical Laboratory, Tatanagar, for conducting research on making expanded metal rust proof.

2. The Iron and Steel Controllers should increase the supply of steel sheets of suitable gauges to the industry and also ensure that the supply is regular. Government should assist the industry in obtaining the required supplies of steel from abroad by granting import licences and should also arrange for the manufacture of the right gauges of steel sheets as required by the industry.

3. Government's requirements of expanded metal should be obtained from indigenous producers. In the case of specifications not manufactured in India, the industry should first be consulted as to the possibility of their manufacture. If their manufacture is possible, necessary arrangements should be made to supply the steel sheets required.

4. The Railway Board should include expanded metal under the classification of general engineering goods for the purposes of priority.

5. Government should provide technical advise for development of the industry. The industry itself should consider the question of sending technical representatives to foreign countries to obtain information on the latest methods of production.

6. The three producing firms which are at present private limited concerns should take steps as soon as possible to convert themselves into public limited companies. The Government has generaly accepted these recommendations of the Board.

MUTT AND JEFF—After All, You Shouldn't Kid About Your Income Tax — By BUD FISHER

OH, BOY, HERE'S WHERE I HAVE SOME FUN WITH THIS IMITATION INK BLOT! I'LL LAY IT ON MY INCOME TAX RETURN I JUST FINISHED!
DID YOU CALL ME, POP?
DID YOU SPILL INK ON MY INCOME TAX RETURN?
WHAT'S WRONG?
SOMEBODY SPILLED INK ON MY TAX RETURN! JUST LOOK—
I'LL POUR IT BACK IN THE BOTTLE
CICERO, PUT THAT DOWN!
OH! YOU SCARED ME!
NO! NO! AND THIS IS THE LAST DAY TO FILE IT!--
?
Fisher

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